THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

VOL. 45. TUESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 29, 1829. NO. 29.

PUBLISHED BY
NEVILLE B. CRAIG,
NEAR THE S. W. CORNER OF THE DIAMOND.

TERMS.

The Gazette is published semi-weekly, (on Tuesday and Friday,) at Four dollars per annum payable half yearly in advance.

The Gazette is also published weekly, (on Friday,) at Two dollars per annum in advance,—or Three dollars at the end of the year.

REESE R. JONES,

NO. 33 Hand Street, between Penn and Liberty streets, having enlarged his Factory, has now on hand, and intends always to keep, a large and complete assortment of all kinds of

MANUFACTURED TOBACCO,

Spanish, Half Spanish, and Common Segars.

Also, Scotch and Rappee Snuff, all of which will be sold on reasonable terms.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 11, 1829.—tf.

MACHINE COTTON CARDS, No. 33.

9 COMPLETE SETS, 24 Inches.

100 Bales Prime ALABAMA COTTON.

For Sale by
ADAMS, ALLEN, & Co.

Sept. 11, 1829.—tf

PASSAGE FROM IRELAND.

THE subscribers having established the following well known fast sailing coppered SHIPS in the trade between this port, BELFAST and LONDONDERRY, they will succeed each other in sailing throughout the year.

Ship BENJ. RUSH, Captain Henry Duff,
" ULYSSES, " John Myres,
" DUMFRIES, " Joseph Harvey,

These ships being all of the first class, and roomy between decks, and commanded by captains experienced in the Passenger Trade, those who come out by them may rely on every comfort which can be provided. Persons residing in any part of this country wishing to send for their friends from either ENGLAND, IRELAND, or SCOTLAND, can secure a certain passage by calling personally on the subscribers, or by application to their agents, Messrs. R. GALWAY & Co. Pittsburgh.

WM. & THOS. ADAIR.

Baltimore, July, 1829.—2aw.6mo

English Reader and Vocabulary

THE subscribers have recently published Bentley's revised and improved edition of the English Reader; with the addition of a Vocabulary annexed to the work; containing all the words used in the English Reader, *divided, accented, defined*, and the part of speech annexed, arranged in *alphabetical* order; adapted to the orthography and *pronunciation of Walker*: with a *Key* representing the different sounds of the vowels referred to by the figures.—To which is added a catalogue of the *proper names* contained in the English Reader, pronounced according to Mr. Walker's rules for the pronunciation of proper names:—Likewise a general *summary* of the *Globe*; containing a list of the different *countries*, and their population, the number of *square miles*; the number of *inhabitants* to each square mile; the *chief cities*, the form of *government* and prevailing *religion*.

H. HOLDSHIP & SON.

Pittsburgh, Oct 17—tf

AUCTION SALES.

P. M'KENNA,

AUCTIONEER,

No. 99 Market street, between Liberty and Fifth streets,

EVERY TUESDAY and FRIDAY, at 10 o'clock, A. M. and at 2 o'clock, P. M.

Having made arrangements to the eastward, a constant supply of GOODS will always be on hand, which will be disposed of at private as well as public sale; as also a variety of Pittsburgh Manufactured Articles

Pittsburgh, July 4, 1828—tf

PAPER HANGINGS.

THE subscribers having enlarged their *Paper Staining Establishment*, and procured some of the best workmen from the eastward, now offer for sale, wholesale and retail, *at the Philadelphia prices*, a choice assortment of

COMMON, GLAZED AND RAINBOW

PAPERS,

Of the latest patterns, and equal to any heretofore sold in this market; a constant supply of which, in all their varieties, with suitable borders, will be kept on hand.

Also on hand, a large assortment of FRENCH WALL PAPERS and

Velvet Bordering.

H. HOLDSHIP & SON,
Corner of Wood & Third Streets.

October 10—tf

Bakewell, Page, & Bakewells,

FLINT GLASS MANUFACTURERS,

Have for sale, an assortment of

Astral or Sinumbral LAMPS,

ON PEDESTALS AND FOR SUSPENSION.

ALSO,

Tuscan, Vase, Mantel & Chamber Lamps,

WHICH, in addition to their usual stock of *PLAIN AND CUT FLINT GLASS*, Patent Moulded, Plain and Cut *Bureau Mountings, &c. &c.* will be disposed of on the lowest terms.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 23—tf.

LEADEN PIPE.

I HAVE commenced the manufacture of LEADEN PIPE, and will furnish, and lay the same, at the most reasonable rate. Any quantity required, warranted to be of the best quality, will be furnished at the shortest notice.

JOHN SHERIFF.

Nov. 28—tf.

PLASTER PARIS.

402 Barrels (white) Ground Plaster Paris; just received, and for sale, by
STEELE & CARLISLE,
Dec. 15.—3m. 90 *Front Street.*

The New Lisbon Palladium and Beaver Argus, will insert the above two months, and forward their accounts to this office.

ROMANCES OF REAL LIFE. In two volumes. "For a light, free, flowing, and truly feminine style, we know not where to look for Mrs. Charles Gore's equal among living female writers, or her superior among dead ones. She is a charming writer, and one who will not easily find a rival, except in—herself. In other words, she, and she only, is the writer who can make us forget the pleasure which we have received from these 'Romances of Real Life.'"—*Court Jour.*

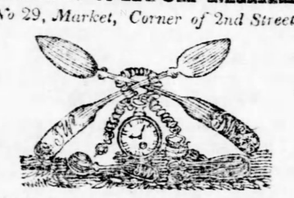
Just received and for sale by
HOLDSHIP & SON.

Sept. 18.—tf.

WALLACE & BEGGS,

CLOCK & WATCH MAKERS

No 29, Market, Corner of 2nd Street,



HAVE just received, and are now opening, a large and most splendid assortment of

WATCHES,

Jewellery, & Fancy Goods,

of every description, viz: Gold and Silver Chronometers, Patent Lever, Lapine, Repeating, and Plain WATCHES, JEWELLERY of the latest fashion, with a general assortment of goods in their line of business. They are now prepared to sell *Wholesale or Retail*, on very accommodating terms.

Constantly on hand watch and clock Tools and Materials—wholesale and retail.

June 26, 1829.

HENRY JONES & CO.

No. 3, (Patterson's Row,) St. Clair Street.

HAVE for sale, of their own manufacture—TABLE Diaper and Towels.
7-8 and 4-4 Bed Ticks, 6, 7 and 8 hundred,
3 and 4 qr. Checks, 7, 8, 9 and 10 hundred,
3 and 4 qr. Plaids and Stripes, 8, 9 and 10 do.
Wilmington and Jean Stripes 8 and 9 do.
Bleached Satteen Cord,
12 qr. square Counterpanes,
Steam Boat do
Eagle Coverlets.

All of which they will sell low for city acceptances or Cash.

Pittsburgh, June 26, 1829.—tf.

ALLEGHENY LOTS.

FOR SALE, a number of LOTS, fronting on the Broad Common in the rear of the town of Allegheny. These Lots afford the most desirable seats for country residences of any now offered for sale. The terms will be extremely favorable. A credit from one to five years will be given to purchasers. A plan of the Lots is left at the office of Discount and Deposit and at the Bank of Pittsburgh, for the inspection of purchasers.

W. Robinson, Jr.
Allegheny Town

August 25, 1826.—tf.

Damask Table Cloths.

SIX, eight and ten quarters, of any length that may be required, wove by Thomas Brown, for sale at the DOMESTIC WARE HOUSE, No. 26, Wood street. Also

Towne's Diaper Table Linen.

Orders for the above addressed to the subscriber will receive prompt attention.

GEO. COCHRAN of Richd.
March 3.—tf Agent. P. M. A.

The Pittsburgh and Coal Hill Turnpike Road.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given, that books will be opened at the Bookstore of H. Holdship & Son, in the city of Pittsburgh, on Monday the 24th day of March next, to receive subscriptions for the Stock in a company to be entitled "*The President, Managers and Company of the Pittsburgh and Coal Hill Turnpike Road;*" intended for the purpose of making an artificial Road from the city of Pittsburgh, to a point at or near the house of Wm. Farrow, in Pitt township, at which time and place one or more of the undersigned will attend.

WM. WILKINS,
HENRY HOLDSHIP,
WM. B. FOSTER,
PETER MOWRY,
WM. PORTER,
WM. ARTHURS,
JAMES BROWN.
} *Commis'nrs.*

Feb. 22, 1828.—tf.

FOR SALE.

A NUMBER of valuable BUILDING LOTS in the vicinity of this city, part of the estate of Dr. George Stevenson, late of Wilmington, (Del.) deceased. For terms apply to the subscribers.

W. M'KNIGHT.
HARMAR DENNY,
J. SNYDER,
Pittsburgh, Nov. 3, 1829—tf. *Executors.*

NOW OPENING,

A LARGE and extensive ASSORTMENT of

MACHINE CARDS,

From the Manufactory of J. & J. A. Smith & Co. Leicester, Mass. which with their former stock will be disposed of on the most accommodating terms. Also a lot on hand, to close consignment, which are offered at very reduced prices.

Orders for Cotton Cards will be punctually attended to.

WM. BELL, Jr. & Co.
No. 51 Wood Street.

Feb. 17, 1829—tf.

FOR SALE,

THAT beautiful Tract of Land called FARM HILL, situated in Fayette township, Allegheny county, between the Noblestown road and Chartier's creek, about eight miles from Pittsburgh, containing THREE HUNDRED ACRES and allowance, about ninety acres of which are cleared.

On this place there is a good two story hewn log DWELLING HOUSE and KITCHEN, an excellent ORCHARD of Apple, Cherry and Peach Trees; a good Spring near the dwelling house, and an abundance of Stone Coal. That portion of the tract which is not cleared is remarkably well timbered.

If desired by a purchaser, possession could be given on the first day of November next.

For further information inquire of the subscriber, who lives near the place, or of Jacob Hanson, Auctioneer, in the City of Pittsburgh.

WILLIAM HERDMAN.

June 23, 1829.—tf.

GEORGE A. COOK,

Agent for the Union Canal Lotteries of Penns'a,
No. 68 WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH.

BANK NOTES, of the different states of the Union, *EXCHANGED*. Tickets in Yates & M'Intyre's Lotteries, constantly for sale. Managers' Office, Nov. 24, 1829.

Woollen & Cotton Goods.

THE Pittsburgh Manufacturing Association have received from the manufacturers, *at reduced prices*,

Blue, Brown, Black and Mixed Broad Cloths.
Flannels assorted colors, and Cassinetts,
Plaids, Checks, Tickings, Cotton Yarn, &c.

On hand—TABLE LINEN and CARPETS.
No. 26 Wood-street,
Pittsburgh, August 4, 1829.

Pittsburgh manufactured TILES of a superior quality for sale as above.

Second Hand Clothing.

A GENERAL assortment of second Hand CLOTHING kept on hand and for sale at moderate prices, by

A. D. LEWIS,

Wood, between Second and Third Streets.

June 5—tf.

Gentlemen's Clothing also scoured in the neatest manner.

J. HANSON,

Auctioneer, and Commission Merchant,

No. 46, Wood Street, Pittsburgh,

IS now opening extensive consignments of choice seasonable

British, French, India, and Domestic

DRY GOODS:

Together with a quantity of

Hardware, Fancy Cutlery, &c.

All of which (having been selected with much care, in *Philadelphia, New-York*, and *Baltimore*,) will be sold, by *Package* or *Piece*, at *Private Sale*, on accommodating terms. Country merchants are most respectfully invited to call and examine his stock.

PUBLIC SALES continued, as usual, every *Monday* and *Thursday*, at 10 o'clock, A. M. and every *Saturday evening*, at half past 6.

BOOKS.

The City Auction Room is also constantly supplied with an extensive collection of Miscellaneous, School and Blank BOOKS, which may be had at private sale at auction prices.

Pittsburgh, March 24, 1829—tf.

Storage, Forwarding, and Commission

WAREHOUSE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS respectfully inform Merchants, Iron-masters, Salt Manufacturers, and the public in general, that they have commenced the above business, in the new and extensive brick house two doors below the bridge, where they will Receive and Forward GOODS, IRON, SALT, &c. destined for the West by the Pennsylvania Canal, and for the East, by the Northern Turnpike. By strict attention to business, they hope to merit and receive a share of public favors. Charges for Forwarding and Commission will be moderate.

JAMES SPEER,
MARK GRAHAM.

Blairsville, Oct. 27—tf.

LANDS FOR SALE.

THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE LANDS, late the property of John Way, Esq. deceased, are now offered *FOR SALE*, by the Executors, viz.

No. 25, Leet's District, of 200 acres, situated on the Ohio river, 20 miles from Pittsburgh. The road from Pittsburgh to Beaver passes through the improved part of this land, which abounds in coal and limestone.

No. 26, same district, adjoining No. 25, containing 200 acres of first rate land, a large portion of river bottom. The road to Beaver also passes through this tract These two tracts are first rate land, and from their situation on the road and river, must in a few years become valuable.

No. 249, Elder's district, 200 acres, situate in Armstrong county, on Buffalo Creek, about 5 miles from Kittanning, and 35 miles from Pittsburgh. On this tract, there is a salt well 300 feet deep, with other preparations for the manufacture of salt, and a good prospect of an abundant supply of salt water, and an inexhaustible bank of coal.

☞For further particulars and terms of sale, apply to ABISHAI WAY, Merchant, Pittsburgh, or to NICHOLAS WAY, on the Beaver road, 13 miles from Pittsburgh.

December 15, 1826—tf

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale that valuable and well known property, adjoining the town of Noblestown, and distant twelve miles from the city of Pittsburgh.

There are in this tract of land 500 acres, 175 of which are cleared, and under good cultivation. It contains a fine meadow, and an excellent Apple Orchard, besides valuable coalbanks and never failing springs of good water. As a stock farm, it has but few equals.

There are erected on this property the following buildings, viz:—A *Steam Grist Mill*, with two pair of French Burrs, and one pair of country stones, together with all the appurtenances necessary for doing merchant work on a large scale; a *Saw Mill* in good working order, which is propelled by water power; *three Dwelling Houses*, and *two Barns*. The above farm is intersected by good roads for transporting produce to a market, either on the Ohio river or at Pittsburgh, and is in a wealthy neighborhood.

If this property be not sold together, it will be divided to suit purchasers. For further particulars apply to the subscriber living in Pittsburgh.

SCUDDER HART.

August 7, 1829—tf

GREAT CURIOSITIES.

AT LAMBDIN'S MUSEUM.

IN addition to the usual attractions of this institution, a great number of additional curiosities have been added during the last two days: amongst wich are—

Two living *White Crows*; the *Emur*, or South American Ostrich, 5 feet 6 inches high; *Brown Tiger*, or Great American Panther; *Patagonian Penguin*; *Coatimundi*; several *Monkeys*; *two living Porcupines*; *Porcupine Fish*; *Lobster*, 3 *feet long*; *Shells, Corals, &c. &c.*

The Museum is open every day, and brilliantly illuminated every evening.—Admittance 25 cents, children 12 1-2.

August 18, 1829.—tf.

STRAW PAPER.

JOHN D. DAVIS, Commission Merchant, No. 45, Front street, has lately received a quantity of Medium and Crown Wrapping Paper, of a very superior quality, from the mill of Col. Wm. Magaw, which will be sold at the lowest market prices, and a liberal discount given to those taking a quantity.

Pittsburgh, December 15, 1829.—7t

PIANO FORTES.

W. R. COPPOCK respectfully invites the attention of the Ladies and Gentlemen of Pittsburgh and vicinity to three very superior toned PIANO FORTES, from the celebrated factory of Firth & Hall and John Kearsing, of New York. Two of these are of the highly improved Metallic Plate, with Detached Sounding Boards. These advantages are obvious on inspection. By the metallic plate, the instrument is calculated to remain in tune a much longer time. It allows the strings to be much shorter, and also gives a clearness and brilliancy of tone. The sounding board being entirely detached, prevents the possibility of its splitting from the effects of the climate—two grand considerations for those in this part of the country, where tuners and repairers are scarce. These instruments are selected from the factories by an eminent professor, and particular attention paid to the evenness of touch and tone, so essential to a pianoist.

The above are for sale, and warranted, at Messrs. Johnston & Stockton's Bookstore, Market street, where an assortment of the latest musical publications of New York and Boston can be had. Second hand Piano Fortes taken at a fair valuation in exchange.

☞Mr. Coppock is still continuing his instructions on the Piano Forte, with Singing, founded on the celebrated Logierian system, now so deservedly popular throughout England. Terms made known as above.

PIANO FORTES TUNED.

Orders taken for any kind of musical merchandise, either foreign or of New York manufacture, which will be sold at the original prices, with a very small advance for carriage.

December 8, 1829—tf.

TO PRINTERS.

THE subscribers, intending to discontinue the manufacture of Printing Types, after completing the founts they have already commenced, and wishing to close their establishment as early as practicable, they solicit orders from their customers and printers generally, feeling assured that they will find it to their interest to select from the stock of the subscribers, such articles as they are now or may soon be in want of.

Their stock embraces a large variety of PLAIN and ORNAMENTAL TYPES, of the various sizes from Nonpareil to Eight Lines Pica, inclusive. Also, Cuts, Borders, Brass Rules, &c.; all of which are of the best quality, made of hard metal, and put up with great care.

Terms will be favorable for approved acceptances in Baltimore, or a liberal discount for cash.

☞For sale, a second hand COLUMBIAN PRESS, (imperial size,) which will be sold a bargain. Cases, Chases, Ink, &c. will be supplied. CHARLES CARTER & Co.

No. 17 South Calvert street, Baltimore.

December 8—w8t.

Pine Creek Iron Works.

For Sale,

ONE half of the well known establishment situated near the Canal, about five miles above Pittsburgh, formerly in possession of M. B. Belknap and carried on, lately, by M'Clurg & Co. and Ekin & Ledlie. The establishment is seated on an excellent tract of land of about one hundred acres, having a number of dwellings convenient to the works for manager and hands. The works are in complete order for the manufacturing and rolling of iron, and for manufacturing nails, spades, axes, hoes &c. &c. Part of the machinery may be put in motion either by steam or water power, and from the general arrangement of the whole, every description of work connected with the establishment may be well done as economically as at any other in the western country.

Apply to
JOHN D. DAVIS,
ISAAC LIGHTNER,
JOHN S. RIDDLE,
} Assignees of Ekin & Ledlie.

March 27—tf.

For Sale,

THE THREE STORY BRICK BUILDINGS on Third Street near the corner of Market, next door to the Grocery Store of Schweppe & Horner, having convenient back buildings for the accommodation of a family and Store, and being an eligible stand for business.

Apply to
GEO. COCHRAN of Rd.
Agent No. 26 Wood Street.

Pittsburgh June 12, 1829—tf.

James Adams Jr. & Co.

GROCERS,

MARKET, BETWEEN FRONT AND WATER STREETS.

HAVING taken that large and commodious Ware-House formerly occupied by *Ekin & Ledlie*, respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they are just receiving and now offer for sale a choice selection of Groceries consisting of

Prime Green and Java COFFEE,
Y. Hyson, Imp'l. and Gunpowder TEA,
Pepper, Allspice, Cloves and Nutmegs,
Loaf and Lump SUGAR.
Benegal and Carracas Indigo,
Madder, Ginger, Rice &c.
Box Raisins, Figs, &c.
Warranted Genuine Havana SEGARS,
Flint's, Cabamas' & Dosamygos',
Madeira, Port, Lisbon, Teneriffe and Malaga WINES,
Brandy, H. Gin, Jamaica Spirits &c.
A few Gallons choice old champaigne Brandy of 1802.

All of which they will sell low for Cash or acceptances, either

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

Having made arrangements for a constant supply, they respectfully solicit Country Merchants and others to favor them with a call.

April 3. 1829—tf.

S. Baird & Co.

INFORM their friends and the public in general, that they have associated *W. G. Alexander*, (late clerk of Wm. Bell, Jr.) in their wholesale business at No. 106 Wood Street. The business will be conducted as heretofore, under the firm of S. BAIRD & Co. They tender their thanks to their friends for past favors and solicit a continuance.

S. Baird & Co. are now receiving a large and general assortment of EUROPEAN, INDIA AND DOMESTIC GOODS, purchased at the lowest prices in the Eastern Markets, which they will dispose of on accommodating terms, by the piece or package.

They have also a large assortment of PAPER HANGINGS AND BORDERINGS of every description, being sole agents for the manufacturers, J. Shidle & Co.

Feb. 27—tf.

J. M. CLARKE'S OFFICE,

No. 110 MARKET STREET.

UNION CANAL LOTTERY of Pennsylvania, Class No. 15 for 1829—To be drawn in Philadelphia, on THURSDAY, 7th JANUARY, 1830.—Yates & M'Intyre, Managers.—Sixty Number Lottery—TEN Drawn Ballots.

SPLENDID SCHEME.

1 prize of	$30,000	is	$30,000
1 -	10,000	is	10,000
1 -	6,000	is	6,000
1 -	5,000	is	5,000
1 -	3,260	is	3,260
5 -	1,500	is	7,500
19 -	1,000	is	10,000
10 -	500	is	5,000
10 -	400	is	4,000
20 -	300	is	6,000
20 -	200	is	4,000
40 -	100	is	4,000

Besides numerous other prizes of 80, 60, 50, 40, 30, 20, 10, &c. &c.

Whole Tickets	$10	Quarters	$2 50
Halves -	5	Eighths	1 25

It will be observed that there are TEN drawn ballots, instead of Nine, making it much more advantageous for adventurers. ☞Orders from the country, (post paid,) enclosing the cash, or prize tickets in former lotteries, will meet with the most punctual attention.

Drawing of the Union Canal, No. 14.

20 25 49 44 54 22 1 32 45

NO. 20, 22, 49, a Prize of $200, was sold at CLARKE'S OFFICE; besides others of 90, 80, 70, &c. &c.

For Lucky Numbers, apply to or address
J. M. CLARKE.

No. 110 Market street, between Fifth & Liberty.

December 25, 1829—tf.

COMMISSION HOUSE,

ST. LOUIS.

THE subscribers, late from Florence, Alabama, have rented the large Stone Warehouse, at the steam boat landing, next building to Messrs. Hill & M'Gunnegle, for the purpose of transacting a general *Commission Business*, under the firm of SPROULE & BUCHANAN. They will strictly attend to all business committed to their care, and are prepared to make liberal advances on consignments.

GEORGE SPROULE,
ANDREW BUCHANAN.

Dec. 15.—4m

Land For Sale.

A PLANTATION and tract of 180 acres, 5 miles North of the Ohio river, 2 miles S. of Johnston's mills, 4 miles E. of Economy, and 16 miles N. W. of Pittsburgh: *Is a good stand for a Blacksmith's shop*, having been occupied as such for several years.

ALSO—SEVERAL TRACTS and parts of tracts, in the same quarter of the country, and some in Beaver county.

ALSO—A TRACT of IMPROVED LAND situate on both sides of the Greensburgh, Turnpike Road between 9 and 10 miles from Pittsburgh; abounds with coal, and partly with limestone.

ALSO—Land in Armstrong and Indiana counties, North of Penn. Canal, also in Mercer and Crawford counties.

Apply to A. Way & Co. Pittsburgh, or to the subscriber, Sewickly Bottom, Beaver road.

DAVID SHIELDS.

Feb. 13, 1829—wtf.

FOR SALE,

THAT well known TAVERN STAND in Union street, at present occupied by by Mr. Joseph Barclay.

Also,—LOT No. 12, Brown's plan, bounded by No. 11 O'Hara street, Bedford alley and Brown street: 28 feet in front, by 123½ feet deep.

For further particulars please apply to the subscriber, corner of Water street and Cherry alley.

JAMES SCOTT.

Pittsburgh, June 23, 1829.—wtf.

NOTICE.

REGISTER'S OFFICE, ALLEGHENY COUNTY, *Pittsburgh, Dec. 18th, A. D. 1829.*

NOTICE is hereby given to all legatees, creditors, and other persons concerned, that the undersigned, Executors and Administrators, have filed in the Register's Office, the accounts of their administration, and that the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court of the said county for confirmation and allowance, on Monday, the 28th day of January, A. D. 1830.

The account of William Ewing, surviving executor of the last will and testament of William Hall, late of Robinson township, dec'd.

The account of Jno. K. Seetin, administrator of the estate of Thomas Seetin, late of Ohio township, deceased.

The account of Bernard & Thomas O'Conner, administrators of the estate of Michael O'Conner, late of the city of Pittsburgh, dec'd.

The account of Isaac Applegate, surviving executor of the last will and testament of Daniel Applegate, late of Elizabeth township, dec'd.

The account of Capt. H. Johnston, administrator of the estate of Peter David, late of the city of Pittsburgh, dec'd.

The account of Henry Snively and Archibald Coon, guardians of the children of Thomas Semple, late of Wilkins township, deceased.

M. STEWART, *Register.*

Dec. 22.—4t

SHOES & LEATHER.

JAMES H. DAILY

NO. 75, WOOD STREET,

Has just received a general assortment of

BOOTS & SHOES,

Of every description, purchased at the Eastern Market, within the last month. His stock now consists of a choice variety.

ALSO—*A QUANTITY OF*

LEATHER,

Of various kinds; and having made arrangements to be regularly supplied from the eastward, with the above articles, he will be enabled to dispose of them to country merchants and others, on accommodating terms.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 23—tf t.

TO CREDITORS.

TAKE notice that I have applied to the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County for the benefit of the laws made for the relief of insolvent debtors, and the said Court have appointed the third Monday of January, 1830, at the Court-house, in the City of Pittsburgh, the time and place for hearing me and my creditors, previous to my discharge.

WM. IRWIN,
Cotton Spinner.

Dec. 22, 1829.—3t

FANCY LAMPS,

PLATED CASTERS, &c.

BAKEWELL, PAGE & BAKEWELLS, have just received, direct from the manufactories, and offer for sale, an elegant collection of *Bronze* and *Or Moulu*, *Astral* and *Mantel Lamps*, from ten to thirty dollars per pair; PLATED CASTERS, with cut and moulded bottles, silver edges and handles, from two to ten dollars per set; together with their usual extensive assortment of *PLAIN, PREST, and CUT GLASS WARE*,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION;

Cut and Moulded Smelling and Toilet Bottles; Cut, Prest & Plain Bureau Knobs, &c. &c. &c.

Pittsburgh, December 25, 1829—tf.

MANAGERS' OFFICE, PITTSBURGH.

The Union Canal Lottery

OF PENNSYLVANIA.

CLASS NUMBER 15, FOR 1829.

To be drawn at Philadelphia,

On SATURDAY, JANUARY 2, 1830,

Yates and M'Intyre, Managers.

60 NUMBER LOTTERY—10 DRAWN BALLOTS.

THIS Scheme differs from those which have preceded it, in having TEN drawn ballots instead of nine, as heretofore—making it much more advantageous to adventurers.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	$30,000	is	$30,000
1	10,000	is	10,000
1	6,000	is	6,000
1	5,000	is	5,000
1	3,260	is	3,260
5	1,500	is	7,500
10	1,000	is	10,000
10	500	is	5,000
10	400	is	4,000
20	300	is	6,000
20	200	is	4,000
40	100	is	4,000
50	80	is	4,000
50	60	is	3,000
100	50	is	5,000
100	40	is	4,000
150	30	is	4,500
1800	20	is	36,000
12250	10	is	122,500
14620 prizes			$273,760
19600 blanks—34220 tickets			

Whole Tickets, $10; *Halves*, $5; *Quarters*, $2,50; *Eighths*, $1,25.

Orders from abroad (post paid) enclosing cash, or prize tickets in former lotteries, will be promptly attended to.

The Register containing an official statement of the drawing will be sent to each adventurer.

☞Cash advanced for prizes on presentation.

Apply to, or address
GEO. A. COOK,
Agent for Yates & M'Intyre, No. 68 Wood st. Pittsburgh.

Managers' Office, Dec. 22, 1829.

Hope Cotton Factory.

THIS New Establishment, situated immediately at the west end of the aqueduct, is now in operation.

Wishing to introduce their manufactured article into market, the owners respectfully solicit a share of public patronage. The machinery in operation is of the most superior kind, and on the most improved plan of Godwin, Rodgers & Co. of New Jersey. Great attention is devoted to the picking and cleaning the cotton, and the yarns are inferior to none ever offered in the Pittsburgh market.—Terms of sale made accommodating to those who favor us with their custom. Orders for cotton yarn can be left at the office of the Factory, or if addressed to the firm through the Post-office, will be promptly attended to.

SHOENBERGER, WRENSHALL & Co.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 22 1829.—10t

TO LET,

AND possession given on the first day of April next, a Dwelling House and Lot of Ground, containing about six acres, situated on Grant's Hill, and lying partly within the limits of the city. Apply to ROBERT WATSON, on Grant's Hill, at the end of 7th street.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 22, 1829—tf.

LOST.

THE subscriber LOST, together with his POCKET BOOK containing $75, the BOOK in which the subscribers to the stock in the "Monongahela and Coal hill Turnpike Road" had entered their names. It is particularly requested that this TURNPIKE BOOK be returned.—Let it be dropped into the Post Office in this city, and no one will be the wiser as from whence it came. That Book is of great importance to the Company, and particularly so to the subscriber,

NOBLE CALHOUN.

Dec. 18—3t.

Steel, Cotton Yarns, Mackerel, &c.

JUST RECEIVED,

4000 Lbs. best American blister steel; 1500 lbs. assorted cotton yarns and candlewick; 1000 lbs. of the best Ohio oilstones and hones; 50 barrels mackerel, No. 2 and 3; 110 pieces of domestic sheetings; 40 barrels of dried peaches and apples; 40 kegs of assorted nails and tobacco; 250 patent tubs, buckets, coolers, &c.; 100 patent 8-10, 10-12, and other sized window sash; 50 cheap violins.

Also, a great variety of cheap beads, watches, penknives, combs, needle-cases, spectacles, &c. &c. upon cards; and a handsome supply of domestic checks,

DRY GOODS,

And an Excellent Assortment of

GROCERIES AND HARDWARE, GLASS, AND GLASSWARE.

All which will be sold low for cash or approved negociable paper, at three or four months

ISAAC HARRIS.

☞Clover-seed, flax-seed, bees-wax, butter, flour, whiskey, &c. will be received in exchange for goods, on good terms.

December 18, 1829.—3t

25 KEGS SHOT, assorted; 10 hogsheads Kentucky leaf tobacco; 20 kegs Cavendish, do.; 100 boxes sweet scented, do.; 20 boxes superior mould candles, 4, 5, 8, 6; 30 boxes palm and common soap. Just received and for sale by

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & Co.

Dec. 18, 1829.—3t

Superior Business Stands

FOR SALE.

THOSE two elegant brick dwelling houses and stores, No. 108 & 110, Market street, opposite the Allegheny bridge: one lately occupied by James Kerr, and the other, at present, by J. Shea & Co. Payments very accommodating.

Apply to
H. HOLDSHIP & SON.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 15, 1829.—tf

Poetry.

BEWARE OF COMPARISON.

BY BAYLY.

Fools, beware! never compare
Woman with aught on earth or in air—
Earth may be bright, air may be light,
But brightness and lightness in woman unite.

Can you suppose her eyes are like sloes,
Or that her blushes resemble the rose?—
Where shall we seek for sloes that can speak,
Or roses that rival an eloquent cheek?

Surely you ne'er saw lilies so fair
As the forehead that peeps through the curls of her hair;
Surely her lips' red rubies eclipse
The coral she wears and the nectar she sips!

Birds in the spring sweetly may sing,
But woman sings better than birds on the wing:—
Then, Poets, beware!—never compare
Woman with aught on earth or in air!

Miscellany.

From Ackerman's Forget-Me-Not, for 1830.

THE TEMPTING MOMENT.

Seven towns contended for the distinction of having given birth to Homer. Had Gilbert Ghrimes, a man, as I hope to show, of no contemptible genius in his way, been the subject of a similar discussion, one might have ventured a shrewd guess at the place of his nativity. I only know that he was not born in Scotland, for every town in that kingdom has unequivocally disclaimed the honor. A small market town in Kent, however, if not the place of his birth, was the theatre of his achievements. He was the son of reputable parents, who were, to use a significant expression of a certain sect, "tolerably well to do in the world."

In the cranium of Gilbert Ghrimes the organ of appropriation was very early and prominently developed. His infancy, even, was fruitful in evidences of this fact. Among his brothers and sisters he was constantly effecting transfers of property, chiefly invested in sugar-plums and gingerbread,—from the elder by stratagem, and from the younger by force. His incursions on the larder and the store-closet were also truly formidable: many a currant tart, which had been designed to solace the stomachs and besmear the faces of some five or six expectant urchins, was prematurely diverted to his sole use and adornment.

His genius continued to unfold itself as he grew into boyhood; and accordingly, we find him at the early age of seven, the ringleader of a conspiracy for the abstraction of certain apples from the *al fresco* bazaar of a female fruit merchant, who, having been ground into forgetfulness by an itinerant professor of the organ, afforded to the juvenile depredators their opportunity, and to the world an example of the disasterous consequences of taking Morpheus as a sleeping partner in the concerns of trade. This fragment of Gilbert's history, arising out of the first "tempting moment" of which he had availed himself in public, was communicated to me by the master of the free school, who, happening to be under the operation of shaving on the opposite side of the market place, witnessed the exploit.

In order to dissolve certain associations in which feats of a similar kind had involved him, his parents determined on sending him to a boarding-school in a remote county; a measure, however, which rather tended to foster the talents it was designed to discourage. He early distinguished himself by sallying forth from the window of his dormitory, one moonlight night, with his pillow-case as succedaneum for a sack, and returning loaded with the spoils of a neighboring garden.—This notable foray was followed by complaints from the proprietor for the spoiling of his orchard, and from the schoolmistress for the spoiling of the pillow-case. He was mulcted of six weeks' pocket money to indemnify the one, and soundly flogged for satisfaction of the other. The flogging was, of course, set down to the fortune of war, for which there was no remedy but patience, and beef brine. Not so the mulcture, for a second and undiscovered attack upon the apple orchard reduced the cost of his former booty 50 per cent.

At this period of his life he was a tall but ill proportioned and ungainly boy; although, he bore his head as uprightly as most persons, he had a remarkable dislike to looking any one full in the face, but requited the glance of another by the instant aversion of his own. His very limbs appeared to be rather acquired than natural property, and to have belonged originally to some one else. As he could not be kept at school all his life, it became necessary for his friends to determine on his future path in the world. The very confused and indistinct notions which he entertained of *meum* and *tuum* were formidable objections to his embarking in trade. The profession of arms was repugnant alike to his views and his taste, inasmuch as little was to be gained from it but laurels, which he well knew bore no fruit. The organ of destructiveness was not powerfully enough developed in his phrenological system to insure success to him in physic; and it would have been stark madness to consign his peculiar abilities to so contracted a sphere of action as the church. It was, therefore, at last resolved, that, in order to secure him against a premature acquaintance with the practice of the law, he should devote a few years to the study of the theory; and he was accordingly articled to Nicholas Nightshade, a pettifogging attorney in his native town.

Nicholas had slidden, I will not say risen, into considerable practice and comparative wealth, by undertaking business with which no respectable member of the profession would pollute his hands. He was a short, rotund figure, of a dark complexion, with an overhanging forehead, bushy brows, small but piercing eyes, a nose somewhat hooked, and a nether lip, which, projecting considerably beyond the upper, imparted a singularly shrewd, but sinister expression to his countenance. He was of rather frugal habits; wine he never tasted; it had, indeed, been two generous a liquor for him,—*in vino veritas*. Porter was his nectar; but, though he quaffed it freely, it never muddied his brain, the narcotic and deleterious ingredients of his potations appearing to have been absorbed by his heart, for it was poisonous to its very core.

Gilbert Ghrimes's friends, who were a wordly and farcasting set, in placing him with such a man, had speculated upon his discovering, in his new profession, a field for legalised depredation, so extensive, as to leave him little inducement for exploring any other. But they calculated not upon the force of genius; for, before the term of his probation had expired, he eloped with his master's only daughter; and it was, doubtless, in the hurry and confusion attendant on their flight, that he happened to pack up in his portmanteau a few more of the alchemised rags of Threadneedle street than, in strictness, belonged to him. Nightshade could have well spared his daughter, but the loss of his money touched him, and he vowed revenge. The newspaper which announced the marriage of Gilbert Ghrimes contained an advertisement offering a reward for his apprehension. Gilbert, who had no notion of so much money passing out of the family, quietly surrendered himself before his father-in-law the following morning at breakfast-time, and claimed the reward. This piece of assurance would have astounded any other than Nightshade, who was a wholesale dealer in the article.

"Ghrimes," said he, "you are a villain!"

"I know it," was the reply; "you have kept your news until they are somewhat stale."

"Give me back the money you have purloined from me," rejoined Nightshade.

"I may scarcely do that," answered Ghrimes, "seeing that a portion of it is already spent, and if you withdraw your countenance, I shall have the greater need of the remainder. But why this fruitless anger? The evil, if such it be, is done, and past remedy; there," he added, flinging down a certificate of his marriage, "the noose is tied as tightly as you can desire."

"Not quite," said the other, "and, therefore, with the hangman for priest, we will draw it somewhat closer."

"What! hang a man in his honeymoon."

"I would gibbet thee at the very altar, thou measureless knave!" said Nightshade.

"Nay," replied Gilbert, "that were poor requital for the forbearance of one who has so long had the power of elevating you to the distinction which your kindness proposes for him. Remember the forged deed!"

"I am not likely to forget it," said Nightshade; "but who, think you, will now believe you on your oath?"

"Doubtless," was Ghrime's answer, "it were worse than folly to do so, but the deed itself were good evidence, methinks."

"And that is safe in yonder iron chest," said the other, exultingly.

"Are you well advised of that?" was the rejoinder.

Nightshade, alarmed for the first time, hurried across the room, applied a key to the spring lock of the chest, gazed in it for an instant, then flinging down the lid, snatched a pistol from the mantelpiece, and presentad it at Ghrimes, exclaiming, in a voice expressive of rage and determination, "Villain! give me back the deed this instant, or I will blow out your brains, though I swing for it to-morrow."

Gilbert eyed him a while with that hardihood which I will not dignify by the name of courage, and which nothing but the most determined villainy could supply; then putting aside the muzzle of the weapon, he said, with a smile of scorn, "I were indeed but a dull pupil of so bright a master, did I learn no safer policy from your instructions than to put the evidence of your guilt, as well as my person, in your power."

"Scoundrel," thundered the other, "where is the deed?"

"Be assured, in good keeping," said Gilbert, "whence, if I revoke not my instructions, it will be transferred to those, who, for their own sakes, will make such use of it as will scarcely consist with your safety. And now, my honored father-in-law, call in your constable, and go away with me to prison, an' it please you."

The countenance of Nightshade fell, when he found himself completely in the power of the man whom he so lately proposed to crush. He regarded his hopeful son-in-law, for a few seconds, with a fixed and searching look, and then said, in a tone and manner considerably softened, "Gibby, you have done that which I had not expected from your years,—you have outwitted me. I am in my dotage, it is plain, or you had not thus weathered upon me. But no matter, I forgive you. With regard to that same halter, which has somewhat superfluously embellished our conversation, it would seem that our claims to it are nearly equal; let it therefore, instead of tying us up, tie us together. You are my partner from this hour. I am growing old; my labors are heavy, and you have given me convincing evidence of your ability to share the burthen. As for your wife, if she be the daughter of her mother, you will repent your bargain ere your honeymoon be on the wane. The lot was of your own choosing, and you must make the best of it. Now, go to your office, and let this morning's conversation be forgotten as speedily as may be."

From that day the circumstance was never even alluded to by either party, and Gilbert became an active and useful partner of his late master. There was but one lawyer besides themselves in the town, and he, being an honest one, could not, of course, interfere with their practice. They might well be termed the friends of the unfortunate. Did any man, mistaking in the darkness of the night, a gentleman's house for his own, and, unwilling to disturb the family, find his way into it without knocking; did he, entering the fold, relieve the sleeping shepherd at once of his duty and his charge; or without the act of Parliament to back him, did he raise a loan upon the highway, and any of the little personal inconveniences consequent upon detection overtake him, he had the comfortable assurance that, if there were a loop-hole, either in the law or in his prison, through which he might escape, Messrs. Nightshade and Ghrimes were the men, who, for a consideration, as Trapools would have said, were sure to find it out. Indeed, so successful were their exertions to such laudable ends, that had their course been as protracted as it was brilliant, the tread wheel had rusted upon its axis, and the hangman, without his perquisites, had starved upon his pay.

They prospered indeed, but theirs was the uncoveted prosperity of the wicked, who have been truly said to "flourish as a green bay tree," for it hath poison and bitterness in its leaves. The career of Nightshade was arrested by a sudden and short illness, and the God whom he had abandoned in his youth forsook him in his age. Hardened and profligate he was, it is true, but he was not that fabled monster, an infidel; like the devils, he believed and trembled, and the aspen conscience was ever restless in his bosom. To use his own fearful expression in his parting moments, he felt the cold grasp of the demon he had worshipped upon his heart strings, dragging him down to that hell which he had purchased by so many ruthless deeds and wasted years. The vengeance of Heaven is sometimes slow, often sudden, but always sure; a truth which received an awful confirmation in the death scene of this godless, graceless man.

The death of Nightshade left Gilbert in undivided possession of the practice and the secret of the forged deed. Ghrimes continued to take care of the main chance, that is, to have one hand on his own pocket, and the other in his neighbor's. Genius, however, like his could not remain long without its reward. It at length attracted the notice of twelve honest gentlemen, who, wisely deeming his own country too circumscribed a theatre for his talents, kindly provided him with a more extended one; and, accordingly, the last passage which I am enabled to record in the life of Gilbert Ghrimes was to Botany Bay. By some untoward accident the forged deed came to light, and, though the evidence brought forward upon the occasion was sufficient to procure restitution to the injured party out of Ghrime's ill gotten wealth, it did not affect his life. He arrived in his adopted country, bankrupt in every thing but character, which he could not lose, inasmuch as he happened to be born without one. Nor, indeed, did he find the want of that commodity in Australasia, the perfect state of public morals in the colony doubtless being such, that to take a character thither would be to carry coals to Newcastle.

Gentle reader!—for, in accompanying me thus far, thy patience hath well earned for thee the epithet,—if thou hast read "The Hour Too Many" in our last volume, and if thou hast not, I counsel thee, for thy mind's health, to do so—thou wilt perceive that a talent too many may prove equally inconvenient, since the spare hour, and the supernumerary talent, conducted their possessors to a *common goal*.

Melancholy act of Suicide.—A suicide was committed on Friday night, by a fine young woman belonging to Calton, said to be a natural daughter of a gentleman who had met the same fate. On Wednesday evening she and her lover accompanied a happy pair, who were so impatient to get married that they went to a Justice of the Peace, and on the way, the two damsels being together, the one that was going to be married proposed to her comrade, that if she and her lover (a baker) were willing, they might get united at the same time. This was joyfully assented to—the deceased, on giving her hand, saying, "there is my hand, and heart along with it." After the conclusion of the civil contract, friends were reconciled to the irregular ceremony, the festivities and jaunting took place, and all seemed to go on well; but several slanderous tales being circulated prejudicial to the character of the deceased (said to be the invention of a disappointed rival,) she being a proud spirited girl, was much hurt in her feelings, and on Friday was very pensive. In the evening her husband came home, when the disagreeable subject was resumed; she burst into tears, and sobbing aloud, said she could not live under such imputations, and rushed down stairs with her hair dishevelled, and in a very agitated state. On going through the shop of her mother, she said to her little cousin, "Notice the shop; I'll maybe return in a little, or I'll maybe never be back." After some time her absence created remark, and her mother became apprehensive when she heard that she had used these expressions, and was seen going hurriedly through Well-street towards the green. "Dear me," she said, "whar can that lassie hae gane? It's raining hard, and she's nae hap on her, nor onything on her head;" and in much anxiety she cried to her son-in-law and niece to proceed with a lantern to the green, and examine the water side, to see if there was any trace of her, for she was sure that she was in Clyde. Her impatience increasing, she went to the door to see if the messengers were not returned. While standing in this situation, she says something gave an alarm in the shop as if the counter had split in two, when her whole frame trembled, she convulsively clasped her hands, and instinctively said, "My Eliza's gone!" and she fancies that was the hour her daughter had thrown herself into the river. Her son-in-law and niece came back, but no trace whatever of Eliza could be found. Next morning she learned that two masons, in passing through the green the preceding night, between eight and nine o'clock, met her daughter with her hands rolled in her apron, and having a melancholy look. They jocularly said, "My lassie, you'll no see him to night," thinking that she was going to meet her sweetheart; but she neither moved her head, nor made reply, but went forward with a hurried step. The Clyde was dragged on Saturday for her body, but without success. Yesterday morning the dragging was renewed, when a young man who accompanied her in her marriage jaunt, had the melancholy satisfaction of finding her body nearly opposite the Humane Society House, about five yards from the shore. On carrying her body to the green bank, her hands were in the same position across her waist, firmly wrapped in her apron, as when she left the house. Her husband was so much affected, that he had to be helped home. On learning her ultimate fate, the feelings of her mother and all her acquaintance were most acute. She was a handsome girl, twenty years of age, and was remarked for her modest, careful and industrious conduct. She was an only child, and assisted her mother in her business.

Glasgow Chronicle.

A late Bordeaux paper gives the following anecdote as the ground work of two Vaudevilles recently produced at Paris.—"In the year 1823, before the march of the French troops into Spain, it was thought prudent to take measures for detaining those chiefs of the Spanish liberals who happened to be at Paris, lest, if permitted to return into Spain, they should arouse a formidable opposition to the invaders. Mina was among the number; and his known boldness and military talents drew especial attention to him. He then lodged at the Hotel Richelieu, in the street of the same name. He might regain the Pyrenees, and place himself at the head of the discontented, of whom he was the idol. What was to be done to prevent this? The police of that day, inferior in no respect to that of the present, placed as a lodger in the same hotel and on the same floor, a young and pretty woman, accompanied by a splendid retinue, and graced, for the time, with a sounding name. All that really belonged to her was a charming figure, and an air that no heart could resist. These, it is said, she possessed in perfection. The Spaniard was captivated at first sight. The fair smiled upon the brave, and in exchange for her smiles, received his confidence.—Before many days passed, she was acquainted with his most secret projects; the ardent soldier never suspecting that the idol of his new affections was receiving so much a week for betraying these to the Franchet of the day.

So far all went well; but then happened what the most romantic of police magistrates could scarcely have expected to guard against. The spy fell in love with him she had been set to watch, avowed the whole scheme, deceived those who paid her to deceive, procured the means of escape, and in spite of the telegraph, fled in safety with her hero to the Catalonian mountains.

The French writer gives this story as a solemn truth. Being like most of our brethren, inclined to credulity, we take this for granted, and trust that our readers will agree with the narrator of the anecdote in thinking "qu'elle merite d'etre connue."

PARADOXES OF LAW AND CUSTOMS.

The John Bull of Nov. 8, furnishes the following picture. It would doubtless be, to some extent at least, appropriate to other countries than England:

Foreigners who have heard of the excellence of the English laws, and the rigid impartiality with which they are administered, must, we should think, stare and wonder at what they see, in the ordinary course of observation, set down, ruled, and established *as crimes*.

In the Police report of last Saturday, we are informed that two young women belonging to Oxfordshire, who were dress-makers out of employ, and starving, had for several nights, being unable to pay for a lodging, slept amongst the straw in an outhouse of Islington;—for this, they were apprehended and brought before the magistrates, who kindly discharged them—after, however, seriously admonishing them never to be guilty of the crime of sheltering themselves in an out-house again, or they would be infallibly *committed to prison*.

At another office, two days before, a man was charged with the crime of "*sleeping in the open air*,"—he was dismissed with a suitable admonition.

Several women were brought before the magistrates, charged with the crime of selling apples and walnuts—they pleaded that they had large families of children, and must beg if they did not sell their fruit. They were permitted to go away, but their fruit was seized; and shortly afterwards four women were put to the bar, with three children each, charged with begging; they were committed as vagrants, and the magistrates wondered why they continued such shameful courses, and did not try to earn a livelihood.

Several keepers of gaming tables were apprehended at Doncaster races and committed to prison, and their tables and apparatus were broken to pieces; these wretches were setting and staking money at games of chance while the great St. Leger was running, upon which £30,000 was depending.

Last Wednesday, no less than three persons, two females and one man, were brought before the sitting magistrates, charged with attempts to *destroy themselves*. One of the Justices, we believe, observed, that suicide was becoming so common, that there was no chance of checking it without making it a capital offence!

Several well-dressed men and women were apprehended and sent to the watch-house, where they were kept all night, and brought up to Marlborough-street, to the amount of thirty couple, all of whom stood charged with dancing quadrills the previous evening at an unlicensed hour. The same evening the Lord Chancellor, the Lord Chief Justice of the Common Pleas, the Master of Rolls, and the Vice Chancellor, honored Lady Dumbledyke's ball in Grosvenor-square, where the "votaries of Terpsichore tripped on the light fantastic toe till Sol gave the warning to depart."

The night before last, two men were committed to the watch-house for conversing in the street—they were neighbors, and taking leave of each other at adjoining doors—when told to move on, they remonstrated, because they were at home, but this plea was disregarded.

Last week a man was committed for laughing at a policeman.

These, certainly, must make a stranger (in London, especially,) open his eyes; but his amazement will be considerably increased, if he chances, on an excursion to the Duchess of St. Albans, at Holly Lodge, or to Sir Francis Burdett, at his temporary residence at Twickenham, to pass through Kentish Town, or over Richmond Bridge—for in those two places are fixed very large boards, exhibiting, after a preamble about a society established for some purpose, (all of which is nearly obliterated,) the following table—we are not quite certain as to the sums, but the substance is this—

Rewards.—For a burglary, £100; for a highway robbery, £25; for setting fire to a stable, £50; for stealing a horse, £30; for sheep-stealing, £25; and so on, offering—at least to the eye—premiums for every kind of depredation and crime.

Then for the amusements and professions of the metropolis, we see on boards, long notices addressed to "lamp-breakers and others," as if lamp-breaking were a trade; and in the fields near Gower-street University, there was, till lately, a notice posted to this effect; "Any person beating carpets, or *playing other unlawful games*, in these fields, will be prosecuted."

"Houses to let unfurnished, with conveniencies," are equally common; and against some premises in the Strand, it is announced that "this shop is removed over the way, in consequence of these premises coming down to be rebuilt."

Altogether, what with our crimes, punishments, rewards, amusements, and notifications, we must appear to those who do not know us, a very strange set of people.

SUBMARINE ADVENTURE.

Don Pablo Ochou, who was for many years a superintendent of the fishery, and himself a most expert diver, gives the following account of one of his watery adventures:

"The Placer de la Piedra negada, which is near Loreto, was supposed to have quantities of very large pearl-oysters round it—a supposition which was at once confirmed by the great difficulty of finding this sunken rock. Don Pablo, however, succeeded in sounding it, and in search of specimens of the largest and oldest shells, dived down in eleven fathoms of water. The rock is not above one hundred and fifty or two hundred yards in circumference, and our adventurer swam round and examined it in all directions, but without meeting any inducement to prolong his stay. Accordingly, being satisfied that there were no oysters, he thought of ascending to the surface of the water: but first he cast a look upwards, as all divers are obliged to do, who hope to avoid the hungry jaws of a monster. If the *coast* is clear, they may then rise without apprehension.

"Don Pablo, however, when he cast a hasty glance upwards, found that a tinterero had taken a station about three or four yards immediately above him, and, most probably, had been watching during the whole time that he had been down. A double-pointed stick is a useless weapon against a tinterero, as its mouth is of such enormous dimensions, that both man and stick would be swallowed up together. He therefore felt rather *nervous*, as his retreat was now completely intercepted. But, under water, time is too great an object to be spent in reflection, and therefore he swam round to another part of the rock, hoping by this means to avoid the vigilance of his persecutor. What was his dismay, when he again looked up, to find the pertinacious tinterero still hovering over him, as a hawk would follow a bird. He described him as having large, round, and inflamed eyes, apparently just ready to dart from their sockets with eagerness, and a mouth (at the recollection of which he still shuddered) that was continually opening and shutting, as if the monster was already, in imagination, devouring his victim; or, at least, that the contemplation of his prey imparted a foretaste of the *gout!*

"Two alternatives now presented themselves to the [illegible] of Don Pablo; one, to suffer himself to be dro[illegible]—the other, to be eaten. He had already been under water so considerable a time, that he found it impossible any longer to retain his breath, and was on the point of giving himself up for lost, with as much philosophy as he possessed. But what is dearer than life? The invention of man is seldom at a loss to find expedients for its preservation in cases of great extremity. On a sudden he recollected, than on one side of the rock, he had observed a sandy spot, and to this he swam with all imaginable speed; his *attentive* friend still watching his movements, and keeping a measured pace with him.

"As soon as he had reached the spot, he commenced stirring it with his pointed stick, in such a way that the fine particles rose, and rendered the water perfectly turbid, so that he could not see the monster or the monster him. Availing himself of the *cloud*, by which himself and the tinterero were enveloped, he swam very far out in a transvertical direction, and reached the surface in safety, although completely exhausted. Fortunately, he rose close to one of the boats; and those who were within, seeing him in such a state, and knowing that an enemy had been persecuting him, and that, by some artifice, he had saved his life, jumped overboard, as is their common practice in such cases, to frighten the creature away by splashing in the water: and Don Pablo was taken into the boat more dead than alive."

STONE-CUTTING BY MACHINERY.

Mr. Milne, architect in this city, has been recently making trials of a curious machine contrived by him for hewing stones by a power of a steam engine, and from the specimens we have seen, with every prospect of success. It consists of a great number of chisels or cutters arranged in a spiral form round the circumference of a large and very strong cast iron cylinder, or drum. This being whirled with great rapidity by the engine, and the cutter along with it, the stone is at the same time brought into contact with these, and drawn with a slow motion under them. By this means, the cutters, urged by the irresistible power of the engine, which is one of six or seven horses, literally shave a thin and regular slice off the stone every time it is drawn under the cylinder. The process is simple, ingenious, and beautiful, and evidently only requires, in the machine, a due adaptation of the dimensions and strength of the different parts, and a just proportion between the motions of the cutters and the stone, to effect its purpose with success. Hitherto Mr. Milne has only tried it on some of the softer freestones in this neighborhood, and it is astonishing, considering that it is but the first attempt, with what regularity and smoothness the surface of the stone is moulded, so that one considerably larger than the lintel of a door may, in a few minutes, be reduced from a shapeless mass into the most regular cube or oblong. In the first trials it is curious to remark, the cylinder had too rapid a motion, and such was the effect of the violent action on the stone, that a continued stream of fire issued from the cutters and the stone, and such a thick cloud of dust ascended at the same time into the sky as astonished the whole neighborhood. The rapidity of the motion having been afterwards lessened, the operation now goes on more smoothly and with regular effect; so that we have no doubt, by a little experience in the construction and management of this new and singular application of mechanical power, the ingenious inventor may be able to execute by it even the regular mouldings of architecture.—Mr. Milne has already secured the exclusive application by a patent.

Edinburgh Eve. Courant.

Improved Candle Wick.—The invention of the hollow candle-wick, which in our last *Gazette* we ascribed to M. Hebuba, a candle manufacturerer at Paris, ought, we believe, to be attributed to the Rev. Hans Soane, of Cork. Nothing can be more simple than this invention, which is merely to produce a current of air through the candle;—of course a candlestick so constructed as to admit the air is required. Mr. Soane has made some experiments as to the relative quantity of light produced by candles of various descriptions made with the hollow and with the ordinary wick; and the result has been in all cases in favor of the latter in an extraordinary degree.—Another advantage is in some cases the economy of this invention, as candles manufactured with the hollow wick, from the worst kind of kitchen-stuff, will burn without guttering. *English paper.*

The New Orleans Mercantile Advertiser gives the following account of the execution of two young Spaniards at Havana, by the names of Francisco Abrew and Juan Meles, for the murder of two tavern keepers near that place. These young men went from New Orleans to Havana, and were known in New Orleans, where they resided for a time. *N. Y. Spectator.*

HAVANA, Sept. 27, 1829.

Dear Sir,—Nothing particular has occurred since your departure, except the execution of the two unfortunate young men for murder, yesterday, of which you requested me to furnish you an account. Their fates occasioned an intense interest in the minds of the people of Havana, whether natives or foreigners: the former actuated by commiseration for the unhappy sufferers, the latter by a vehement desire to see which was the most powerful, the laws or money. This time, however, wonderful to say, justice triumphed over corruption. They were garroted, not hung; the commutation of punishment from an ignoble death to one of a now gentlemanly class, being brought about either by the influence of their friends or by their aristocratical claims to better treatment than is awarded to plebeian criminals.

At 5 o'clock yesterday morning I repaired to the usual place of execution at the Punta, and found the platform erected and the garrote fixed. It was placed half way between the town gate and the gallows, on a gentle elevation, so as to be plainly visible to the surrounding spectators, and might be about five feet high. At a little past six I roved up to the gate and had just placed myself in a proper situation to view the procession when it made its appearance. It passed through the gate without noise of drum, horn or any martial parade, as we have often seen formerly on similar occasions. The spectators were hushed, and at last the prisoners appeared—they were guarded by a few soldiers, marching at a considerable distance from them on both sides of the road. The first was a stout, well-built, handsome young man, apparently about 22 years of age, dressed in a close-bodied blue coat, whose aspect bespoke the agony of his mind.—He was supported by a clergyman and a friend, but appeared so much exhausted that if he had not been held up by his supporters, he must have fallen. He threw up his eyes several times as he passed, on the multitude on the walls, and rolled them in such a way that he appeared under the influence of phrenzy.—The other was supported by your friend Armona and another, and was dressed in a Waterloo coat of green cloth. He was in figure the reverse of his fellow sufferer, being remarkably thin-visaged, of delicate form, and might be 25 years of age. He was the one who would have been overpowered by one of the murdered men, had it not been for the timely assistance of his more powerful companion, who assisted in despatching his opponent with 28 wounds.

Two of the executioners were there already, the elder one putting his neck into the iron collar to try if it were properly arranged. Though these two operations were truly ludicrous, yet such was the decency of the crowd that they forbore laughing, or making any observation—when the prisoner had mounted, which he did with a firm step and undaunted countenance, seeming to have recovered his fortitude with his approaching dissolution, he made a speech of about ten minutes duration, which purported to be that he was condemned unjustly, and was about to suffer innocently. He then felt the seat three times with his hand, to try its firmness and sat down. The coat was thrown back, the collar adjusted, the screw was turned, and quicker than I write this sentence, life was extinct. His dead fell on his left shoulder, and reclined in such a posture that it gave him the appearance of a person taking a nap after a severe debauch. At the first turn of the screw his tongue protruded about an inch, and his face was no otherwise disfigured than that he looked rather blue.

The second now made his appearance, evidently worn down by depression of spirits, by confinement, and by the effects of the arsenic which he had swallowed two days previous to the execution, but which was discovered in time to prevent fatal consequences. He likewise addressed the spectators, and had ingenuousness enough to confess his criminality. He then sat down on a different bench, to which the garrote, having been removed from the other body, had been attached—the horrible screw was turned, the head tumbled, the chin rested on the breast, and the tongue was protruded about six inches; the mouth opened wide, the black of the eye was driven into the head as it were, the whites only appeared, and his aspect was such as we would imagine a horrible ghost might present. I never saw any thing more appalling.

I left the ground about 9 o'clock, when there still remained a troop of lancers to guard the bodies. It is remarkable that there was no boxes or plates stationed opposite the gaol, as is customary with meaner culprits, to receive donations of the charitable to redeem their souls from purgatory, nor did they carry crucifixes in their hands to the place of execution, which by the way, is not so bad a custom, as it prevents the eye from wandering, if it does not inspire religious sensations in the mind of the sufferer.

I returned to the scene again in the afternoon to see their heads and hands cut off, but nothing of this occurred—their bodies, at three o'clock, were placed in a cart belonging to the hospital of San Juan de Dios, and conveyed to the Campo Santo for interment, attended by half a dozen of men dressed in black caps and gowns, and by a score of dozens of vagabond boys. "Sic transit gloria mundi."

Bank Note Exchange.

CORRECTED semi-monthly, at N. Holmes Exchange Office, No. 33, Market, street Pittsburgh.

Pennsylvania.		*Michigan $5 & up.*	3
U. S. Bank & bran.	par	*New York.*	
Philadelphia banks	par	City banks	1
Bank of Pittsburgh	par	Frey & Albany	2
Easton	par	Mohawk bk, Schen.	do
Germantown	par	Newburgh	do
Erie	2	Orange county	do
Montgomery co.	par	Catskill	do
West-Chester	par	Auburn	do
Farmers' bank Lanc.	par	Geneva	do
Harrisburgh	par	Centr. bk. Cher. val.	2
Bucks county	par	Chenango	2
Lancaster bank, dis.	½	Utica bk. & bran.	2
Northampton	do	Ontario bk at Utica	2
York bank	do	do. at Canandaigua	do
Chambersburgh	do	Rochester	2
Greensburgh	unc.	Ningara bk.	no sale
Brownsville	½	*Georgia.*	
Gettysburgh	do	St. bks. gen. $5 & up.	4½
Susquehanna Br. Co.	do	*Maryland*	
Farmer's bk. Reading	do	Baltimore city bks.	par
Ohio.		George's county	½
$5 and upwards		Annap. & br. Easton	do
Allander	1	Prdk. co. Hav. do. Ga.	do
Bank of Steubenville	½	Westminster	do
Canton	2	Hagerstown	do
F. & M. bank of Steu.	½	Williamsport	do
Mount Pleasant	do	*New Jersey.*	
Western Reserve	do	St. bk at N Brunsw.	2
St. Clairsville	do	Trenton band	do
Bank of Chillicothe	do	New Brunswick bk.	do
Lancaster	do	Mount Holley	do
Marietta	do	Camden	do
Columbus	do	Cumberland	do
Portsmouth	5	Newark Insurance	do
Indiana.		state bk. at Morris	do
F. & M. bk. Madison	12	do at Elizabeth	do
Branch at Lawrenb.	50	Sussex	do
North Carolina.		Paterson bank	uno
State bk. & br. $5 & up	6	*Connecticut.*	
South Carolina.		N. Haven bk. do.	2
Charleston, $5 up.	3	Bridgeport	2
Delaware.		Middletown bank	do
Bank of Delaware	½	Phœnix bk Hartfd.	do
Commercial bk Del.	do	*Virginia.*	
Farmers' bk. of Del.	do	Richmd. & br. $5 u.	1
Bran. at New-Castle	do	Valley Bank & bran.	do
do. at Wilmington	do	N. W. bk. Wheeling	½
do. at Georgetown	do	*Rhode-Island.*	
Wilming. & Br.	2	Providence banks	2
Massachusetts		Washingt. bk. West.	do
Boston bks. $5 & up.	2	Phœnix bk. at do.	do
Springfield	do	N. E. Commer. bk.	do
Hamsh. bk. N. Hampt.	do	Oth. R. I. notes geo.	do
Salem	do	*Vermont.*	
Worcester	do	Burlington	½
Other Mass. notes	do	*N. Hampshire* gen.	½
District Columbia gen.	½		

New Wholesale Store.

M. & F. TIERNAN

HAVE opened a large and extensive assortment of British India, French, and Domestic

DRY GOODS,

In M'Donald's Square, on Liberty strt. near the corner of Market and Liberty streets,

Which they purchased at the Philadelphia and New York Auctions, entirely for cash, and will sell by the package or piece at a small advance for cash or acceptances.

Pittsburgh, August 1, 1829.—1aw6mo

A STRAY COW.

CAME, some time ago, to the residence of the subscriber, in Pitt Township, near Mr. Beelen's, A RED COW, with belly, hind legs, and part of her tail white. Her horns incline towards each other over her forehead. No other marks perceivable.

PATRICK HAGERTY.

December 15,—3t*

DEBTORS TAKE NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the undersigned, either by note or book account, will please call and pay off their respective dues, on or before the first day of January next ensuing, as no longer indulgence can be given.

J. C. WINEBIDDLE.

Nov. 13—tf. *No. 120 Second street.*

LOOK HERE!

I WILL LET, on Perpetual Lease, that valuable property in the city of Pittsburgh, situated on the east corner of Wood and Second streets, between Second and Third, 56 feet front on Wood street by 60 feet deep, and 60 feet front on Second street by 75 feet deep. Proposals will be taken, after paying a certain portion of money in hand. In case the above is not complied with, on or before the first day of January next ensuing, I will then lease it for the term of three years.

I also offer for sale, on reasonable terms, that valuable LOT OF GROUND, 60 feet front, in First street, running through to Second street, between Wood and Market streets.

☞ Information can be had, by calling on the subscriber, at No. 120, in Second, between Wood and Smithfield streets.

J. C. WINEBIDDLE.

Nov. 13—tf.

Six Cents Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber, about the first of November, JASPER H. FOULKE, an apprentice to the Saddle Making business, aged about nineteen years, about five feet nine and a half inches high, down look when spoken to, subject to intoxication, and when intoxicated talks very fluently. The above reward but no charges will be paid, upon his delivery to the subscriber, in Pittsburgh. ALFRED LOYD.

December 22—3t.

JUST RECEIVED,

A LARGE assortment of superior *ivory handled KNIVES and FORKS*, in sets; Nut Crackers, silver and plated Butter Knives; plated Tea and Table Spoons; plated Casters and Candlesticks; Astral, Stand, Chamber and Liverpool Lamps; superior Mantel Ornaments, &c. &c.

SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK,

Corner of Fifth & Wood streets

Pittsburgh, July 21—wtf

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

TAKE NOTICE, that we, the subscribers, have severally applied to the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny county, for the benefit of the laws made for the relief of Insolvent Debtors; and that the said Judges have appointed the third Monday of January, 1830, for the hearing of us and our creditors, at the Court House, in the City of Pittsburgh, at which time and place you may attend, if you think proper, and show cause, if any you have, why we should not be discharged.

WILLIAM LARRIMER,
Carpenter, Pitt Township
JAMES A. KENNEDY,
Wagoner, Pitt Township

Dec. 29, 1829—3t*

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

TUESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 29.

☞ A Post-Office has been established at Leechburgh, in Armstrong county, and David Leech appointed Post-Master.

The Wonderers.—On the 8th instant we published in the Gazette some beautiful verses, entitled "Man and Woman," and credited them to the "Sheffield (Eng.) Iris." Strange as it may seem, we very shortly afterwards learned that these verses were the production of a gentleman residing in the neighborhood of Pittsburgh, and appeared first in this Gazette about ten years ago, under the title of "Conversation Comparisons." From the columns of this paper they have wandered to England, and again returned to their birth-place, without *improvement*, and with no alteration except in the title, and a slight variation in the last stanza. The original title, to strangers, may seem unmeaning; but to persons acquainted with the circumstances which gave rise to their production, it appears peculiarly appropriate.

MELANCHOLY OCCURRENCE.

On Christmas day, *Rachel Johnston*, a young and blooming female, was unfortunately killed, near the head of Strawberry alley, in this city, by the firing of a fowling piece. Whether the death was the result of accident or design, will be the subject of legal investigation: we therefore refrain from further remarks.

From the Blairsville Record.

In order to give our distant and country readers some idea of the business on this (the Northern) Turnpike, we state the fact that, *one thousand and forty* wagons passed through the gate five miles east of this place, in *thirty days*, ending the 19th instant. The greater part of those wagons are engaged in hauling iron from the Ju niata works to this place, where it is put on board the Canal Boats and taken to Pittsburgh for about one-fourth the amount it would cost by land.

The following is taken from the remarks of the editors of the National Intelligencer on the President's Message: We are surprised, almost beyond measure, at the passage which we find there, relating to the Bank of the United States. We should be shocked at it, if we supposed it were to have any practical effect, thinking, as we do, that we can demonstrate that a more prejudicial measure could hardly be devised, than that which is recommended. The interval, however, is so great between the present time and the expiration of the Charter of the Bank, that we have no doubt of the effect of a cool deliberate investigation of the question, even upon the mind of the President himself. Surely it cannot have been the Secretary of the Treasury who has advised the President to say that "it must be admitted by all" that the Bank of the United States "has failed in the great end of establishing a uniform and sound currency!" Too well *he* remembers the situation in which that Bank found the currency of the country. Too well *he* knows the facilities, otherwise unattainable, which it affords him in the operations of the Treasury. What was the state of the currency in 1815? Dollars at a premium every where, and the difference of exchange between the planting and navigation States, full *thirty per cent.* against the former.—What is it now? Is there any man who will now be pestered with carrying silver dollars in his pocket longer than he can exchange them for bank notes of the United States, or of any solvent State Bank? Is not specie a drug?—Have you not to beg the Banks (that are fit to be called Banks) to take it from you in exchange for their paper? What has effected this revolution? The Bank of the United States, and the Bank of the United States only could have done it.

Lancaster, (Penn.) December 15.

Important Discovery.—We have received a specimen of coal from a *seam* recently discovered on the West Branch of the Chocalico, one and a half miles north west of Reamstown, about seventeen miles distant from this city, and about fourteen from Reading. It is bituminous, ignites readily, burns with a clear flame, and gives little smoke. The seam was found in the creek, and has been traced into the hills on each side. A few bushels have been taken from the surface, and upon trial found to make an agreeable fire, in a cannon stove, and will no doubt prove excellent for smiths' use and to burn in grates. The depth or breadth of the seam has not been ascertained, but we are informed that Sheriff Diller, who is concerned with some other gentlemen in the enterprise, means to proceed forthwith to open the mine, and give it a fair trial. The bituminous coal, if found of good quality, will ever command a better price than anthracite, from the fact of its being easily ignited—and its peculiar advantage for smithing and manufactories. We wish the proprietors success in their undertaking.

Gazette.

Among the arrivals at this port on Wednesday we notice one from Constantinople.—This is indeed a most singular name to find under the marine head, although we anticipate its frequent recurrence before another year shall have expired. The opening of the commerce of the Euxine to the world will probably ere long be of more importance to the United States than to any other country, except that whose prowess has destroyed the spell which for so many ages has locked the entrance to that extensive sea. The Euxine or Black Sea is about 700 miles in length, by about 400 in breadth, and surrounded by some of the most fertile sections of the globe, the communication with which is facilitated by excellent harbors and extensive rivers. In regard to the particular articles for commercial speculation which that part of the world presents, we would refer our readers to a valuable work on the subject, published some years since by Gen. H. A. S. Dearborn, which is spoken of as containing a large mass of valuable facts and speculations in regard to Euxine commerce. We are persuaded that that spirit of enterprise which has induced our merchants to penetrate even the ice of the polar regions in search of honorable gain, will not allow them to overlook the advantages which are virtually offered to them by the treaty of Adrianople.

Boston Centinel.

From the New Haven Advertiser.

In determining the orthography of certain classes of words, the author of the AMERICAN DICTIONARY has adopted the rule of *uniformity* in words of like formation. This prevents *exceptions*, which are more trouble to learners than rules.

EXAMPLES.

1. Ardor, armor, candor, favor, color, clamor, error, terror, tenor, vapor, valor, vigor, inferior, exterior, interior, superior, savior, endeavor, &c. are written without *u*; there being no good reason why *u* should be retained in any of these words, rather than in author, predecessor, and successor. This obviates the inconvenience of writing *u* in labour, and omitting it in laborious, *u* in vigour, and not in invigorate, *u* in inferiour, and not in inferiority, &c. These irregularities are perplexing to the learner.

2. Cubic, music, public, rhetoric, and hundreds of similar words, of Greek and Latin origin, and others formed in analogy with them, are written without *k*; for it is inconvenient, not to say absurd, to write the primitives, cubick, musick, &c. with *k*, and be obliged to drop it in cubical, musical, publication, rhetorical, &c. The exception is, in words which may be used as verbs, in which the participles, &c. require *k* before *e* and *i*, as traffick, frolick, trafficked, frolicking.

Words of different origin, which have always been written with *k*, and which have not derivatives, retain *k*, as in fetlock, hemlock, wedlock.—Monosyllables also are excepted, as sick, lock, flock, for most of them have derivative verbs and participles, as sicken, locked, flocking.

3. Defense, expense, offense, pretense, recompense, with *s*; not solely because the originals have *s*, but because *s* must be written in the derivatives, defensive, expensive, offensive, pretension, recompensing.

4. Blamable, abatable, debatable, movable, ratable, salable, reconcilable, and all similar words are written without *e*, except when *c* follows *c* and *g*, as in noticeable, serviceable, changeable.

5. Appall, befall, install, forestall, miscall, recall, enthrall, retain *ll* in the primitives; for if one *l* is dropped in the primitives, it must be restored in the derivatives, befalling, installing miscalling, &c. Besides, it is a general rule in the language, that *a* before *ll* has its broad sound, (*mall* and *shall* being excepted,) and if *l* is dropped in befal, miscal, &c. the orthography leads to a false pronunciation.

6. Foretell, distill, instill, fulfill, retain *ll* in the primitives, for it must be restored in the derivatives foretelling, distiller, instilling, fulfilling, &c. In such words the pupil has only to learn a rule consisting of a few words, that tell, still, fill, retain *ll* in all the derivatives.

7. In like manner, dull, full, skull, will retain *ll* in the derivatives, to prevent the inconvenience of exceptions. There seems to be no reason for writing dullness, fullness, skillful, willful, with a single *l*, which does not require one *s* to be dropped in blissful, distressful. In the compound fulfil, and in the terminations of distressful, mournful, the loss of one *l* creates little inconvenience, for it is uniform.

8. Connection, deflection, inflection, reflection, always follow the verbs, connect, deflect, inflect, reflect. Complex and reflex constitute each a different class.

9. All verbs formed from the termination of Greek and Latin verbs in *izo*, and such as are formed in the like analogy, are written with *ize*; as generalize, moralize. See the *Elementary Spelling Book*, 137, 138. This termination and *ism*, never change the accent of the primitive word.

Words from the French *priser*, and others, retain the *s* of the originals; as surprise, enterprise, comprise, devise, revise, merchandise. The reason of this distinction is obvious. The termination *ize* has a definite signification, *to make*, and should be retained in all cases. The French *ise* confounds this termination with one that has no connection with it.

10. When the verb of two or more syllables ends in a single unaccented consonant, preceded by a single vowel, the final consonant is not doubled in the derivatives. Thus appareled, canceled, caviling, caviler, dueling, duelist, libeled, libelous, equaled, reveling, traveler, traveling, quareling, &c. is the proper orthography. See the *Elementary Spelling Book*, Sect. 149.

This rule, always admitted to be just, has been violated, probably from mere negligence; or partly from the omission of the participles in the English Dictionaries. There is certainly no more propriety in doubling the last consonant in these words, than in limiting, pardoning, delivering, and others, in which the last consonant is never doubled. But what should we think of limitting, pardonning, deliverring, harborring, labored, laborrer.

The orthography of dispatch, instructor, visitor, used by all authors before Johnson's time, and still used by many, has been restored. Johnson altered the spelling in opposition to the practice of that cluster of eminent writers who adorned the beginning of the last century; and what is more singular, in contradiction to his own practice in some of his writings. See his Rambler, Rasselas, and his Dictionary under the words *speed* and *send*.

Besides, from visitor we have *visitorial*, not *visitatorial*, as Blackstone writes the word.

The French word *bailif* is retained by Johnson with a single *f*: but the French *plaintif*, he spells in English *plaintiff*; from the French *pontifese*, Latin *pontifex*, he forms *pontiff*, with two *ffs*: but the derivatives *pontifical*, *pontificate*, with one.—There is no more propriety in writing two *ffs* in these words, nor in *sheriff* and *mastiff*, than in adding twenty letters of the same kind.

As most of the monosyllables in *ff*, as *cuff*, *muff*, *miff*, *stiff*, are used as verbs and have derivatives, *cuffed*, *puffing*, *stiffen*, &c. they must retain *ff*; and for the sake of uniformity, other monosyllables may well be written in the same manner.

Woe is often written *wo*; but why alter this word and not *doe*, *foe*, *roe*, *toe*? If we omit *e* in doe, toe, then *do* and *to* are confounded with two other words. It is better to let them all remain unaltered.

These rules, if observed, will remove some of the evils of our very irregular orthography; and even a partial improvement seems to be worthy of a favorable reception. They are already adopted to a considerable extent, by the editors of some of our most popular and extensively circulated papers and periodicals.

We sincerely hope the editors of papers will publish and adopt these rules. We shall cheerfully go hand in hand in purifying the language, and delivering ourselves and our fellow citizens from some of the perplexities of our irregular orthography.

Execution of Pirates.—Capt. Thurber, of the schr. Experiment, at Providence, states that on the 12th of November seven Pirates were shot at St. Johns, Porto Rico. Two of them were Frenchmen, three Spaniards, one Greek, one American, named Samuel Campbell, belonging to Philadelphia, who, it is said, has respectable connexions. They were a hardened set of villains, and marched to the place of execution, with the utmost unconcern, smoking segars and exhibiting entire indifference to their fate.

Poulson.

CONGRESS.

In the Senate, December 21st, various petitions and memorials were presented: several resolutions were submitted, and those offered on Tuesday last by Messrs. Chambers and Livingston were adopted. Bills received their second reading and were referred; and the bills for the relief of Elijah S. Clark, of Louisiana, and the heirs of Louis Clark, deceased, and for the relief of certain citizens of Arkansas, who have lost property by the depredations of the Osage Indians, were ordered to be engrossed for a third reading. The Joint Resolutions authorizing the purchase of 50 copies of the 6 vol. of the Laws of the United States were passed. After spending a short time in the consideration of Executive business, the Senate adjourned.

In the House of Representatives, numerous petitions and memorials were presented, after which, a considerable discussion took place on the subject of the location of the Armory of the United States on the Western Waters. Messrs. Johnson of Kentucky, Gilmore, Mallary, Jennings, Sevier, Vance, and Daniel, severally spoke upon the subject; and various amendments were proposed. The resolution, as finally adopted by the House, directed the Committees on Military Affairs to inquire into the expediency of establishing the proposed Armory at some *suitable* place on the waters of the West. The Speaker presented various communications, among which was one from the Clerk of the House, respecting the annual expences of the House and the number of Clerks and Messengers employed in that department of the public service.

Telegraph.

December 22.—In Senate, a joint resolution was adopted to adjourn the two Houses till Monday. A "bill to provide the payment of sundry citizens of the Territory of Arkansas for trespasses committed upon their property by the Osage Indians, in the years 1816, 1817, and 1823;" a "bill for the benefit of Elijah Clarke, of Louisiana, and of the heirs and legal representatives of Lewis Clarke, deceased;" and a "bill for the final adjustment of private land Claims in Missouri;" were severally read the third time and passed. A short time was spent in the consideration of Executive business.

In the House of Representatives, various petitions and resolutions were presented and referred to appropriate Committees. A bill was reported by Mr. M'Duffie from the Committee of Ways and Means, providing for an equipment for the Frigate Brandywine. A joint resolution from the Senate to adjourn the two Houses until Monday, was read twice and ordered to its engrossment, by a vote of 99 to 70; but the ayes and noes being called on its passage, the resolution was subsequently rejected by a vote of 121 to 62. A resolution was offered by Mr. Storrs, requiring the Committee on the Judiciary to inquire into the frauds committed on the revenue in the Territory of Arkansas, alluded to in the Message of the President, which resolution was agreed to.

Nat. Jour.

EAST ROOM.

The Washington Telegraph gives the following description of the celebrated East Room, as now fitted up by order of General Jackson:—

"The East Room has been fitted up in a very neat manner. The paper is of fine lemon color, with a rich cloth border; four new mantels have also been placed in the room of black marble with Italian black and gold fronts; each fire place has a handsome grate fixed—there were however, in the house before, new bronzed and steel fenders, and sets of brass fire irons, and chimney hooks have been added—each mantel is furnished with a mirror, the plates of which measure 100 by 58 inches, framed in a very beautiful style, and a pair of ten-light lamps, bronzed and gilt, with a row of drops around the fountain, and a pair of French China vases, richly gilt and painted with glass shades and flowers. There are three very splendid gilt chandeliers, each for eighteen candles, the style of which is entirely new; the color of the glass and cutting perhaps exceeds any thing of the kind ever seen. A small bronzed and gilt work, corresponding with the mantel lamps, the niches and recesses of which are supplied with eight French bronzed and gilt bracket lights, each for five candles. The carpet, which contains near 500 yards, is of fine Brussels, of fawn, blue and yellow, with a red border. Under each chandelier is placed a round table of beautiful workmanship, with Italian black and gold slabs; on the centre table is placed a beautiful thin light lamp, supported by female figures; on the end tables are gilt astral lamps. Each pier is filled with a beautiful pier table, richly bronzed and gilt, corresponding with the round tables—each table having a lamp and a pair of French China vases with flowers and shades agreeing with those on the mantels. The curtains are of blue and yellow moreen, with a gilded Eagle, represented as holding up the drapery, which extends over the piers. On the cornice is a line of gilded stars; and over the semicircle of the door, besides large gilded and ornamented rays, are twenty-four gilded stars, emblematic of the states, and corresponding with those on the cornice. The stars have a very fine effect. The sofas and chairs are covered with blue damask satin. All the furniture corresponds in color and style—the whole of which was contracted for and furnished by Messrs L. Veron & Co. of Philadelphia, and arranged under the direction and superintendence of Mr. George W. South, one of the partners. Much credit is due to these gentlemen for their taste in the selection and disposition of the various articles, which, it is understood, has received the entire approbation of the President.—The cost is less than $3,500 independent of the mantel and papering; which is considered a fixture in the house, and is paid out of another fund."

Tariff.—On Saturday, Mr. Wilkins' resolutions on this subject came before the House on a second reading. Mr. Emlen objected to the first resolution, approving of the Tariff of 1825 in gross, while there was a great diversity of opinion among its friends with regard to the policy of its details. He suggested to the author of the resolution so to amend it as to express a general opinion of the restrictive system. Mr. Wilkins defended the principles of the Tariff of 1828 at length, and contended that when the Anti-Tariff States were sending forth strong expressions of opinion against the measure, the Tariff States ought by the expression of their opinion in its favor firmly to sustain it. Mr. Moore, of Erie, moved to strike from the resolution "and is a just and salutary national measure of protection to the industry of the country, against foreign policy and legislation."—This was opposed by Mr. Craft, and Mr. Moore, of Beaver, and negatived. Mr. Frick declared himself unacquainted with the details of the Tariff of 1828, upon which they were called to vote, and moved that it be read by the Clerk. Mr. Craft was surprised that any one should be unacquainted with the provisions of the Tariff act of 1828, which was familiar to all in the western country. Mr. Ellis moved to postpone the question for the present, in order that they might examine the Tariff of 1828. This was negatived. Mr. Petrikin and Mr. Banks spoke in favor of the resolution. The resolution, on motion of Mr. Craft and Mr. Wilkins, was then amended to read as follows:

"That the Tariff of 1828 accords with the spirit of the constitution of the United States, and maintains the true principles of protection to the industry of the country, against foreign policy and legislation."

The resolution was agreed to, yeas 67, nays 1. [Mr. Emlen.]

New Steam Boat.—The Albany Daily Advertiser mentions a new steam boat at the docks of that city, which, when finished, is to run to New York. She is 150 feet long on deck; the depth of hold is 9 feet; breadth of beam 24 feet; her tonnage is about 300. She has a promenade deck 120 feet long, (the usual length of promenade decks is about 50 feet;) this will be a great advantage in rainy weather, as nearly all the main deck will be protected from the rain. Her engine, which was made in Pittsburgh, is on the Mississippi plan, and takes up but five feet in width, on deck, and occupies none of the cabin, which is therefore very large and commodious, and in which tables can be set of the length of 225 feet; engines generally take up one-third of the cabin. There are 150 births; and 50 hammocks can be attached to the centre pillars. One peculiarity of this boat is that she has a round stern.—She was built at Hyde Park by William Brown.

She will be ready early next summer, and is to be commanded by Capt. Peek.

Poulson.

From the Galena Advertiser.

Since the commencement of the present month, the weather has been much colder than we generally experience during the winter. On the night of the 23d inst. the mercury in Fahrenheit's thermometer, as stated in the postscript to our last number, fell to twenty-one degrees below zero.

Three men, on that day, set out from Col. Wm. S. Hamilton's Furnace, for Dodgeville, and lost their way. Night came upon them and they wandered about in search of some road or path which would lead them to their destined place. Finding none, they all became weary and so benumbed with cold, that their senses seemed nearly to have left them; and one of the three, more exhausted than the others, having lost every sensation of cold, began to feel sleepy, and resolved to lie down and rest till morning, when he expected to be revived and refreshed, and that he would then soon find his way to some house. The attempts of the other two to prevail on him to proceed further, were in vain: and being nearly exhausted themselves, they were compelled to leave him to drop into an eternal sleep, unless they should soon arrive at a place where they could get help. The man they left was entirely unconscious that he was in the least danger of freezing or suffering. They proceeded onward until so much overcome by cold and fatigue, that they also came to the like conclusion of lying down till morning; when they soon heard the sound of an ox-bell, at Mr. Carroll's, near Hoard's Furnace. This gave them new energy, and they shortly found the house, where they met Col. Hamilton, who immediately went out with others in search of the man they had left; but they found him too late—he was dead and frozen stiff, lying on his face. It appeared that he had not struggled much, as he was found in a position which his companions say he assumed to heat his feet together. They brought him in and buried him.—His name was *Joseph W. Pionier*, from Albany, in the State of New York.

Winter set in about two weeks since, and we have had some extremely cold weather, accompanied with snow. On the 19th and 20th, some snow fell; Sunday last, a deep snow fell, in addition to that first mentioned; and the whole is variously estimated at from a foot to 15 inches.

Galena Advertiser, Nov. 24.

The steam boat Red Rover left this place for Prairie du Chien, on the 15th inst. and on endeavoring to return from that place, on her way here, in consequence of the quantity of ice in the Mississippi, was compelled to make the shore, about 1 1-2 miles below the mouth of Platte river, where she, in all probability, will be compelled to remain until the breaking of the ice in the spring.

Capt. Throckmorton was in like manner compelled to remain at Prairie du Chien last winter with the Red Rover.—It was however, considerably later in the season, than the present year.

Ibid.

New-Orleans, Nov. 17.—At a meeting of the Masters and Pilots of the steam boats now lying in the port New-Orleans, on board the steam boat Hibernia, we, the undersigned, unanimously agree in opinion, that the important improvement made by Capt. H. M. Shreve, in constructing a steam boat expressly for the removal of Snags and obstacles, which have generally made the navigation of the Mississippi river very dangerous, has far exceeded our most sanguine expectations, and deserves strongly the attention of our government. We therefore take this method of expressing our acknowledgments to him for his unwearied exertions and persevering abilities, and hope that further appropriations may be made to forward a work of such vast importance to the Western and Southern States.

John Shallcross,	Peleg Underwood,
Hugh Asa,	William H. Cable,
Richard Jackson,	John Birch,
Thomas B. Davis,	David Shields,
William M'Knight,	John Green,
G. W. Sparhawk,	Joseph E. Pryor,
Nimrod Sparks,	Marshal Wyman.

OBITUARY.—COMMUNICATED.

The sudden death of Miss RACHEL JOHNSTON, who was unfortunately deprived of existence on Friday last, affords a most striking comment upon the frailty of human life, and casts a gloom upon the circle of her friends and acquaintance, which will not quickly be dispelled. In the spring-time of life, and possessing, to appearance, a firmer hold upon life than many of those who will read this notice of her death, the vital thread was severed, and the ties of friendship rent asunder: the bloom upon her cheek has given place to the ghastly paleness of death; the eye which animated her intelligent countenance has closed forever on the things of time, and the cold earth now conceals her lifeless body from our view.—The deceased possessed a most amiable disposition, and was endeared to a large number of acquaintances, whose sorrow for her untimely death was manifested by the tears they shed around her corpse. Her mourning friends can only say,

"So be it.—What the Almighty dooms is well:
But who that saw her eye's bright glances play,
Her cheek's fine flush, that mock'd the bloom of May,
So late, could dream of death's dissolving spell!"

A CARD.

MR. BOND has the pleasure of announcing to his patrons in the City of Pittsburgh, that his Splendid Ball Room, No. 72 Penn St. has just been finished, and that his first quarter will close on Friday evening next, at which time the parents and guardians of his pupils are respectfully invited to attend. Mr. Bond would also solicit the attendance of those who wish to patronize his second quarter, which will commence on the Tuesday following. Days and terms of tuition as usual.

December 29.

NOTICE.

THE 15th Class of the Union Canal Lottery will be drawn in Philadelphia, on Saturday next, the 2d of January, instead of Thursday, the 7th, as heretofore advertised.

YATES & M'INTYRE, *Managers.*
GEORGE A. COOK,
Agent, Pittsburgh.

Managers' Office, Dec. 28, 1829.

FOR SALE,

THE TIME OF A SERVANT, a Colored Man, who has upwards of five years to serve. He is by profession a Gardener, and a man of sober and industrious habits. The terms will be liberal, to one likely to make a kind master. For particulars apply to the Editor.

December 29, 1829—tf.

TO LET.

THE BRICK STORE and Dwelling House, No. 45 Market street, between Third and Fourth steeets. For terms, apply to ALDERMAN SCULLY, in the Diamond.

December 29—tf.

SEMINARY. ST. CLAIR STREET.

THIS Institution is designed for the education of youth in Mercantile, English, and Classical Literature.

Outline of the Principles on which the Plan of Instruction is founded.

No pupil is put to learn any branch above his comprehension, and for which he has not acquired a sufficient preparatory knowledge.

System is adhered to in the teaching of each branch, and the Instructer explains its principles in a manner adapted to the capacity of the pupil. He then points out the practical application of what has been learned: from this he does not desist till the pupil possesses a clear comprehension of the subject.

Progressing in this manner, with a well formed judgment, thoroughly understanding what he has learned, and receiving necessary explanations of what he is learning, the scholar is agreeably led to the full possession of a solid education, suited to his intended state of life, and this in less than two-thirds of the time usually devoted to these studies.

Course of Instruction and Terms.

JUNIUS CLASS.—Spelling, Pronunciation and Explanations, Reading in Murray's Introduction: per quarter $2.

MEDIUM CLASS.—Explanations, Reading in English Reader, Sequel, and U. S. History, in succession, Elementary and Practical Arithmetic, Elements of Grammar and Geography: $3 per quarter.

SENIOR CLASS.—English Grammar, Composition and Elocution, Geography and History, Book-Keeping, Mensuration, Greek and Latin Languages: $5 per quarter.

☞ To the Junius and Medium Classes are entirely devoted the customary school hours: the Senior Class is taught before and after.

The government is paternal, based upon mildness and firmness. Observance of the Rules and Discipline strictly enforced, but severity shall not be resorted to on any account.

MICH'L M'SHARRY.

December 29, 1829—3t.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE
FOR SALE.

IN pursuance of a Deed of Trust, executed by the Westmoreland Bank of Pennsylvania to us, the Trustees for the benefit of the creditors of said Bank, we, the subscribers, Trustees as aforesaid, hereby offer at Public Sale the following Real Estate, the property of said Bank, at the times and places hereinafter mentioned.

At the Court House, in the Borough of Greensburgh, on Wednesday, the 17th day of February next, at noon—

A Lot of Ground situate at the corner of Main and Pitt Streets, in said borough, with a large three story Brick house, now and for many years past occupied as a Tavern, and Brick Stable and other buildings thereon erected, formerly the property of Simon Drum, Sr. dec'd.

Also—A certain other Lot of Ground in said borough, situate on the east end of —— Street, and bounded on the north by a Lot of John Kuhns, having a large frame Stable erected thereon.

Also—A certain other Lot of Ground in said borough, situate on the east side of Main Street, adjoining the Tavern house of Abraham Horbach and a Lot of Richard Coulter, Esq. having a large two story Brick Dwelling House, with a Brick back building and a frame stable thereon, now in possession of Simon Mechling.

Also—A half Lot of Ground in said borough, situate on the east side of Main street and nearly opposite the Court House, with a two story Stone House, known as the "Banking House," and a two story Brick building thereon.

Also—A certain other half Lot of Ground immediately back of the last mentioned Lot, on which there is a log Stable erected.

At the house of Hugh Miskelly, Innkeeper, in the Town of New Salem, on Monday, the first day of March next, at noon—

A Tract of Land, situate in Salem Township, Westmoreland county, and near said town of New Salem, containing 197 acres and allowances or thereabouts, adjoining Lands of Thomas Wilson, Mary Wiley, and others, about 100 acres of which are cleared, a portion of which is in meadow, on which there is erected a shingle roofed log house and cabin roofed double Barn, formerly the property of William Riddle.

On the premises, at the dwelling House, now or lately of Isaac Moore, on Tuesday, the second day of March next, at noon—

A Tract of Land in Franklin township, Westmoreland county, containing 401 acres and allowance, formerly the property of Isaac Moore, adjoining Lands of John Boreland, Henry Long Samuel McMahan, and others, about 150 acres whereof is cleared, 25 acres, or thereabouts, of which is in meadow: a two story Log House, three Cabin Houses and two Cabin Barns are erected on the premises. This tract, through which passes the Northern Turnpike, will be sold in two parts or otherwise, as may suit purchasers.

At the House of John Drum, Innkeeper, in Freeport, Armstrong county, on Thursday, the fourth day of March next, at noon—

A Tract of Land, in Buffalo township, Armstrong county, containing, as is supposed, 400 acres, adjoining Lands of John Craig, Andrew Patterson, and others, about 100 acres thereof is cleared, between 10 and 15 acres of which is in meadow, on which a Log House and Barn are erected.—This tract lies near the Pennsylvania Canal and the Aqueduct across the Allegheny river, at the mouth of the Kiskeminetas; it also corners upon the former river. The same will be sold in two parts or otherwise, as may suit purchasers.

At the House of Henry Ankeny, Innkeeper, in the town of Ligonier, on Tuesday, the ninth day of March next, at noon—

All the remaining unsold part of that Tract of Land, in Ligonier township, Westmoreland county, known by the name of the "Ligonier Tract;" the said part containing about 645 acres, strict measure. This land adjoins the town of Ligonier, and will be sold in five parts, agreeably to a survey made thereof, a diagram of which is left in the possession of Henry Ankeny, Esq. for the inspection of persons disposed to purchase. About 300 acres of the land is cleared, whereof about 100 acres are in meadow.

Also—A Tract of Land, situate in said township of Ligonier, containing 273 acres and 43 perches, and allowance, more or less, adjoining the Ligonier tract and Land now or late of Jacob Hargonett, J. Brant, and others, having a shingle roofed Log House, Cabin Barn and Stable erected thereon, and about 50 acres cleared land, a part of which is in meadow.

Also—One other Tract of Land in said township of Ligonier, containing 130 acres or thereabouts, adjoining lands now or late of John M. St. Clair, James McGranaghan, and the Ligonier tract and other land, about 100 acres of which are cleared.

TERMS OF SALE.

One half of the purchase money will be required in hand, when deeds will be made on securing the residue by bonds and mortgages, or otherwise, to the satisfaction of the Trustees; the residue in two equal annual payments on interest.

HUGH Y. BRADY,
MORRISON UNDERWOOD,
JOHN KUHNS,
Trustees.

Dec. 29, 1829—3t

SPANISH HIDES & PECANS.

1786 LBS. SPANISH HIDES: 43 bbls. PECANS, good qual.

Just received and for sale by
O. ORMSBY GREGG,
No. 28 Water street, between Market and Ferry.

December 25—3t

CONCERT.

IN consequence of Mr. Bond's spirited exertions in building a Concert Hall and Ball Room, for the accommodation of the lovers of harmony and accomplishment, the professors and amateurs have volunteered to give Mr. Bond a BENEFIT CONCERT, on Thursday evening, the 30th instant; to begin precisely at 7 o'clock—where it is expected that his exertions will meet a due reward. Tickets 50 cents. To be had at Col. Ramsey's, Mr. Griffith's, the rooms of John Seetin, at Mr. J. Davis's and at the bar of Mr. Weed, in Penn street, No. 72, where the concert is to be given.

Dec. 29.—1t

TO CAPITALISTS
AND MANUFACTURERS.

THE subscribers offer for sale a large Manufacturing Establishment, on the Ohio river, adjoining the upper end of the town of Wheeling, consisting of a Foundry 70 feet by 90 feet—with two Furnaces; together with all necessary fixtures—also a very large assortment of patterns of the most approved description for Steam Engines, Sugar Mills, hollow ware, &c. A very substantial Brick Work-shop, 52 feet wide and 130 feet long, three stories high, containing drums and lathes—a boring mill, and all appendages required for the construction of Steam Engines of the largest dimensions—the whole propelled by a first rate steam engine of 40 horse power; which raises a very large supply of water from the Ohio river for the use of the works.

They will sell the whole, or such part of that valuable tract of land adjoining the buildings as may be desired, the whole comprising about 120 or 130 acres, 80 or 90 acres of which contains a stratum of excellent stone coal from four to seven feet thick, supplying the works at one cent per bushel; two Brick Houses of three stories each, one two story, do.—a frame ware-house, a large Barn, and 6 or 7 frame houses for the accommodation of work hands.

This property being bounded on the Ohio river nearly three-fourths of a mile, affords depth of water at all times sufficient to sustain steam boats, which can be built or repaired within fifty yards of the works.

Application by letter, or otherwise, to either of the subscribers, will be promptly attended to.—If not sold by the first of April, the above property will be rented for a term of years.

JOHN M'CLURE,
JAMES H. FORSYTH,
THOMAS WOODS.

December 29, 1829.—3mw

FOR SALE LOW,

A GRAY MARE, six years old next spring. She is an excellent traveller, and warranted sound in every respect. Inquire of
O. ORMSBY GREGG,
No. 28 Water Street, between Market and Ferry.

December 25, 1829.—3t.

TO LET.

THE STORE ROOM and the Room behind it, No. 19 Market street. Possession to be had on the first of April next. For terms apply to WM. C. PETERS, on the premises.

Dec. 25—tf.

50 DOLLARS REWARD.

AN ASSAULT WITH INTENT TO ROB

ON Saturday night last, my son, Oliver Ormsby was attacked by three men, about the middle of the Allegheny bridge, and knocked down three or four times by clubs; finding his situation dangerous, he called for assistance, which was in a noble manner afforded by some citizen, unknown either to him or myself. I feel bound to be his friend, and therefore wish him to call on me.

One of the villians has, in all probability, a rent in his coat, between the shoulders, and perhaps a flesh wound, inflicted by the boy in his extremity, with a broken knife: this may lead to discovery.—The above reward will be paid to any person who may give such information as will lead to a conviction. On the arrival of assistance, to prevent detection, they threw their lantern into the river.

GEO. EVANS.

Dec. 25, 1829.—tf

WANTED,

TWO OR THREE APPRENTICES.—None need apply but those who can come well recommended, of a good character, and can give sufficient security for the faithful and full performance of their time.

L. & P. PETERSON.

December 25, 1829.—3t

NEW & FASHIONABLE
BOOT & SHOE STORE,

No. 134 Liberty Street.

THE subscribers have received and offer for sale a general assortment of Philadelphia manufactured

BOOTS & SHOES

Of a superior quality, among which are
Ladies' common leather, Morrocco and lasting Boots,
Do colored and black lasting Shoes,
Misses' and Children's black colored do
Gentlemen's Calf skin, Morrocco and Seel skin Boots,
Do Monroe and plain Shoes,
Do dancing and walking Pumps,
Do over Shoes—*not gum elastic*,
Do coarse Shoes, Monroe and plain,
Boy's coarse and fine Monroe and plain,

As this work is particularly manufactured for Pittsburgh, the public may be assured that none will be offered that is not of good quality.

Also a constant supply of

Morrocco, Goat Skins, Black and Red, of a superior quality; Cream colored and Yellow Roans for Boot lining.

N. B. Customer's work attended to by W. Closey as usual. CLOSEY & BRADY.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 27, 1829—wtf.

Westmoreland Burr Mill Stone
MANUFACTORY.

On Loyalhanna Creek, about 8 miles from Greensburgh, and 3 miles from New Alexandria.

THE proprietors, grateful for the flattering encouragement they have received, inform their friends and the public, that they have lately received, and are receiving, a large supply of

FRENCH BURR BLOCKS,

from the Cities of New York and Baltimore, purchased from the importers, and selected by Isaac Munson with great care.

Those giving orders for MILL STONES, are requested to be very particular to state whether they are wanted for flouring alone, or for all kinds of grain. I. M. who principally conducts the factory, having served a regular apprenticeship to the business, and who is himself an experienced Miller, is well aware of the great importance that the stone should be made in the most perfect and faithful manner; shall therefore use all his skill in fulfilling the engagements of the firm, as no stone will be delivered unless WARRANTED; and presume they can furnish them at a lower price than they can be bought east of the mountains.

ISAAC MUNSON, *at the Factory.*
JAMES BRADY, *Greensburgh.*
GEO. COCHRAN, of Rd.
Agent, Pittsburgh.

Who has a supply now on hand, and where they will constantly be kept for sale.

October 16—6mor

European & American Agency;

More particularly with Great Britain and Ireland.

THE UNDERSIGNED intends as usual, to leave Pittsburgh, Pa. on the first day of March, and sail from New York on the first day of April next, on an ELEVENTH TOUR, through Great Britain and Ireland, transacting every description of business, as a

GENERAL AGENT.

And return to Pittsburgh, in November, 1830.

Many years ago, he made extensive arrangements, whereby money remittances can be made and received to and from upwards of five hundred cities and towns on the continent of Europe, viz: in France, Holland, Switzerland, Italy, &c. &c.

In England, Scotland, and Ireland, legacies and hereditary property recovered and received; Lands, Houses and Tenements sold; claims, debts, dues, demands, inheritances and rents collected; estates managed; stocks and all kinds of reversionary property sold; dividends of bank annuities received; voting in the choice of assignees; receiving dividend and signing certificate; acting as commissioner in taking the acknowledgment of fines and recoveries; examining witnesses under commission; procuring all kinds of documents; comparing and cross comparing same, if necessary, and proving them in evidence, on trial; witnessing the execution of deeds and memorials thereof, so that they can be registered according to act of Parliament; making searches of all kinds in public offices; proving the identity and existence of Cestuy que Vies, or lives of leases of lands; procuring and receiving the consignment of goods and vessels, &c. &c.

If it is required, reference can be given, in every part of the U. S. and every information may be obtained, by post paid letters, addressed,

"JAMES STUART,
European Agent, Pittsburgh, Pa."

P. S.—Two hundred acres of first rate land, near Mayville, Chautauque county, N. Y. 160 acres, do. near Cambridge, in Guernsey county, Ohio: and, four beautiful lots, on which is erected a comfortable dwelling house, in the town of Mercer, Pa. for sale low. J. S.

☞ The Brownsville Galaxy, Wheeling Gazette, Washington Examiner, Kittanning Columbian, Mercer Press, Butler Repository, Erie Gazette, Meadville Messenger, Steubenville Herald, New Lisbon Palladium, Greensburgh Gazette, and Uniontown Democrat, will each insert the above to the amount of two dollars, and forward their accounts to this office.

December 8, 1829.—tf.

MARSHAL'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, issued out of the District Court of the United States, for the Western District of Pennsylvania, I will expose to sale, by public vendue or outcry, at the Court House, in the city of Pittsburgh, on Monday the first day of February next, all the right, title, and interest of Benjamin B. Cooper, to all, and singular, the following parcels or bodies of land, situate, lying, and being in the Third and Fourth East Allegheny Districts, in the counties of M'Kean and Jefferson, in the State of Pennsylvania, viz:—

1. One body, composed of one hundred and three tracts, of nine hundred acres each, surveyed on warrants dated the 12th and 13th December, 1792, in the names of Wilhem Willink and others, and numbered as follows, viz: 3087, 3086, 3085, 3084, 3076, 2609, 2369, 2380, 2677, 3092, 3091, 3089, 3077, 3073, 2605, 2665, 3120, 3097, 3093, 3071, 2690, 2703, 2663, 2550, 2573, 2470, 2664, 2638, 2697, 2691, 2689, 2688, 2692, 2606, 2600, 2305, 2375, 2496, 2818, 2793, 2666, 2436, 2492, 2426, 2521, 2797, 2534, 3675, 2345, 2513, 2794, 2530, 3217, 3218, 3225, 3673, 2331, 2594, 2790, 2532, 3253, 3228, 3227, 3143, 3226, 3295, 2553, 2554, 2686, 3220, 3223, 3140, 3224, 3290, 2610, 2564, 3231, 3236, 3229, 3117, 3220, 3293, 2588, 2527, 3234, 3233, 3237, 3111, 3221, 3291, 2593, 2590, 3251, 3243, 3242, 3044, 3214, 3290, 2489, 2561, 3221, 3280, and 3252: also, the part of No. 2683, remaining after the sale, by Benjamin B. Cooper to Samuel Stanton, made December 21, 1814.

2. One other body, composed of seventeen tracts, each containing one thousand and forty-three acres and sixty-three perches, except the last, which contains eleven hundred acres, surveyed on warrants dated 3d February, 1794, granted to Wilhem Willink and others, and patented to them on 24th September, 1799, being the following numbers, viz: 4871, 4872, 4873, 4874, 4875, 4876, 4907, 4908, 4909, 4910, 4911, 4912, 4913, 4914, 4915, 4916, and 4917, [which two said bodies of land, Wilhem Willink, Hendrick Vollenhoven, and Rutger Jan Schimmelpenninck, by Paul Busti, their attorney, by deed, dated the 2nd March, 1812, recorded in the proper office, June 29, 1812, granted inter alia, to Benjamin B Cooper, and to Oliver W. Ogden, which said Oliver, by deed, dated the day of granted his moiety thereof to Joseph M'Ilvain, Esquire, who, by deed, dated the 26th July, 1815, released the same to the said Benjamin.]

3. One other body of forty-two tracts, containing 900 acres each, surveyed on warrants, dated Dec. 13, 1792, granted to Herman Le Roy and John Linklain, and numbered, 2500, 2595, 2612, 2598, 2314, 2328, 2611, 2614, 2315, 2329, 2608, 2660, 2313, 2332, 2604, 2591, 2319, 2333, 2587, 2487, 2323, 2326, 3122, 3123, 3124, 3131, 3130, 3127, 3154, 3153, 3136, 3166, 3167, 3172, 3175, 3176, 3212, 3216, 3215, 3213, 3210, and 3232, [which forty-two tracts are a moiety of eighty-four tracts which the said Herman and John, on 26th February, 1812, granted to Paul Busti, who, on the 2nd March, 1812, granted the said eigty-four tracts to said Cooper and Ogden, and the title to which forty two tracts is now vested in said Cooper, in severalty.]

4. One other body of thirteen tracts, numbered as follows, viz: 2973, 2486, 2507, 2439, 2442, 2425, 2377, 2361, 2363, 4904, 4905, 4903, and 4877. [which said thirteen tracts, William Griffith and Abby his wife, by deed, dated 15th April, 1811, granted to the said Benjamin B. Cooper.]

5. And, also, all the estate and interest of the said Benjamin B. Cooper, in five other tracts, surveyed on warrants, dated 12th December, 1792; granted to Wilhem Willink and others, and numbered, 2693, 2692, 2693, 2601, and 2624, including the lots in the town of Justanter.

Seized and taken in execution, as the property of the said Benjamin B. Cooper, at the suit of Wilhem Willink, survivor, &c.

JOHN M. DAVIS,
Marshal of the W. District of Pennsylvania.
December 15, 1829.—wts

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

TAKE NOTICE, That we have applied by petition to the judges of the Court of Common Pleas of the county of Allegheny, for the benefit of the laws made for the relief of Insolvent Debtors; and the Court have appointed the 18th day of January next for the hearing of us and our creditors, at the Court-House in the city of Pittsburgh; at which time and place you may attend, and show cause, if any you have, why we should not be discharged.

ROBERT GIBSON,
Carpenter, St. Clair township.
ALEXANDER GOURLEY,
Allegheny-Town, Laborer.
ENOCH HOLMES,
Millwright, Pittsburgh.
JAMES BENNINGTON,
Farmer, Mifflin township.
JOHN M'KAIN,
Stone-mason, Pitt township.

December 22, 1829—3t.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber has removed his "Musical Repository" to No. 19 Market street, where he has for sale two splendid PIANO FORTES, from the manufactory of Lond & Brothers.

The subscriber will always keep a supply on hand, and will also furnish Pianos upon orders.

Old Pianos received in exchange at a fair price.

W. C. PETERS,
December 8—tf *Professor of Music.*

☞ *NEW FUR AND FANCY CAP* **STORE.**

No. 66 Wood Street, 3d door above Fourth street.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public, that he has *just received* a fresh supply of Gentlemen's Superior OTTER CAPS, together with a large assortment of Men's and Boys' FUR and FANCY CAPS, suitable for all seasons, consisting of the following descriptions, viz:

CAPS.

Sup'r Dyed Otter,	Brown Fur Seal,
Natural Fur Seal,	Leopard Seal,
Patent Leather,	Morocco,
Black Hair Seal,	Grey Hair Seal,
Blue Cloth,	Dyed Rackoon,
Dyed Muskrat,	Martin, &c. &c.

Also, a great variety of Misses' and Children's TURBANS.

*** Fur Seal and Martin Collars, and Patent Leather Stocks.*

☞ Lillibridge's PATENT HINGE STOCKS.

JOHN SIBBETT.

N. B.—*Country Merchants* supplied on the most accommodating terms. ☞ CAPS REPAIRED.

December 15—3t.

BOOKS.

JUST RECEIVED and for sale by the subscribers: *Sketches of Irish Character*, by Mrs. S. C. Hall.

The Adventures of a King's Page, a Novel, in 2 vols. by the author of "Almack's Revisited."

A Useful Guide for Grocers, Distillers, Hotel and Tavern Keepers, and Wine and Spirit Dealers of every denomination. By W. Beastall, Chemist.

Gillies' History of Greece, 1 vol.

Hooper's Medical Dictionary, 2 vols: a new Stereotype Edition, enlarged and improved.

Good's Study of Medicine, 5 vols. &c. &c.

H. HOLDSHIP & SON.

December 15—tf.

A Paper Mill For Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBERS offer for sale their PAPER MILL, adjoining the town of Steubenville, called the Clinton Mill, with the lot of ground on which it is erected. The mill runs four rag engines and has an abundant supply of clear water. The *machinery*, which is all of the best and most efficient kind, is driven by a steam engine of 30 horse power. Stone coal of the best quality can be had for 3¾ cents per bushel, delivered at the mill. The raw material, or stock, can at all times be procured in sufficent quantity in exchange for the manufactured article. The mill buildings are very extensive and commodious. The quality of the paper made therein, since it came into the possession of the subscribers, is too well known throughout the western states, to require any description here. On the lot on which the mill is situate is also a range of two story brick buildings, for the residence of the hands employed in the mill.

The town and neighborhood of Steubenville are remarkable for the healthiness, as well as the moral and correct deportment of their inhabitants, and the surrounding country being fertile and thickly inhabited, provisions are abundant and cheap, thus furnishing a very eligible and agreeable place of residence for any person who, by purchasing the said property, may find it necessary to locate himself and family there.

To any person inclining to purchase, every information as to the operations of the mill heretofore, with its profits, &c. shall be freely and fully imparted. The terms will be made easy to the purchaser; a part of the purchase money only will be required in hand. The subscribers may safely say, so good a chance for profitable investment of capital rarely offers: they wish to dispose of it for the reason, *only*, that their residence is too remote from it to enable them to give to it a sufficient degree of personal attention; the bulk of their business, together with their principal paper making establishment, being in Pittsburgh. Possession of the above property may be had by the first of April next, or as near thereto as practicable. Any further information may be had upon application to Mr. Thompson Hannah, the manager of said mill, or the subscribers in Pittsburgh.

HENRY HOLDSHIP & SON.

☞ The Western Herald, Wheeling Gazette, Ohio State Journal, Louisville Advertiser, Cincinnati Gazette, National Intelligencer, Baltimore Gazette, Delaware Watchman, Harrisburgh Reporter, Philadelphia Enquirer, U. S. Gazette, will please insert this to the amount of $3, and send their bills to the Pittsburgh Gazette Office.

December 15—tf.

PRIZES SOLD

AT THE

MANAGERS' OFFICE, PITTSBURGH,

In the Union Canal Lottery, Class No. 14 for 1829.

NOS. 1, 22, 25—A Prize of FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS!—Sent by letter to a gentleman in Spring Dale. 22, 23, 54, a prize of $1,000, to an adventurer in Ohio. 1, 32, 44, a prize of $1,000, sold in Pittsburgh. 1, 44, 54, a prize of $600, sent to Erie. 22, 25, 49, a prize of $300, sent to Freeport. 1, 32, 44, a prize of $200, sent to Meadville. Besides many others.

GEORGE A. COOK,
Ag't for Yates & M'Intyre, No. 68 Wood Street.

December 25, 1829.

NOTICE TO DEBTORS.

ALL persons who have been indebted to the subscriber for a longer period than 6 months, are hereby required to come forward and settle the same, on or before the first day of April next.—All accounts which remain unsettled on that day, will be placed in the hands of Alderman Lowrie, for collection.

ALFRED LOYD.

A. LOYD has on hand a general assortment of

SADDLERY,

Which he will sell on as reasonable terms as they can be procured elsewhere. Dec. 22—6

NEW BOOKS.

PAYNE'S Elements of Moral and Mental Science.

Lowth's Lectures on Hebrew Poetry; a new edition, with notes, by Calvin E. Stowe.

Lectures on the Evidences of Christianity, by Daniel Wilson, A. M.

Dick's Philosophy of Religion.

do. do. of the Future State.

Montgomery's Universal Prayer; Death; a Vision of Heaven, and a Vision of Hell, &c. &c.

The Life of Reginald Heber, D. D. Bishop of Calcutta.

Dr. Humphrey's Essays upon the Origin, Perpetuity, Change, and Proper Observance of the Sabbath.

Lives of the Signers of the Declaration of Independence.

A few copies of the above books, just received and for sale by

LUKE LOOMIS & Co.
No. 98, Wood Street.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 22, 1829.—3t

100 CASKS Scorched Salts.
50 do. Potash.
20 do. Black Salts.
50 Barrels best S. F. Flour, for family use.
12 do. Clover-Seed.
5 do. Timothy, do.
4 do. Castor Oil.
36 do. Whiskey.

Just received, and for sale, by

JOHN D. DAVIS.
No. 45, Front Street.

Dec. 22, 1829.—3t

THE SUBSCRIBERS, Wholesale Dealers in English, French, and American DRY GOODS, invite the attention of buyers residing in the Western States to visit this market. It is our intention, and also that of several respectable houses in this city, to open a full assortment of

STAPLE AND FANCY GOODS,

early in January next, and for cash or approved paper, the prices will be as low, if not lower, than can be had in any other city. Their assortment will consist of the following articles:

Broad Cloths, blue, black, and fancy colors;
Cassimeres, do. do. do. do.

Together with a general assortment of Trimmings for tailors;

Blankets, rose, point, and duffield;
Flannels, white, red, yellow, and green;
Bocking and Floor Cloth; Baizes;
Prints of every description;
Ginghams, 4-4, 9-8, and 6-4: an extensive ass't;
Cambric, Jaconet, Book and Mull Muslins;
Tambour'd and loom-sewed do.
Plain and figured Swiss do.
Muslin Robes; Tartan Plaids;
Blue and Brown Camblets; Plaid Camblets;
Black and assorted Bombazetts;
Circassians and Merino Cloths;
Silk, Cotton and Worsted Hose;
Cambric and garment Dimities;
Bang-up and Fancy Cords;
Drab and Olive Beaverteens;
Sinchews, Sarsnetts, and Silk Handkerchiefs;
Gros de Naples, Gros de Indes & Florence Silks;
Garniture; Satin and Lustring Ribbons;
Black and Colored Crapes;
Satinetts, blue, and blue and black mixed;
Domestic Sheetings and Shirtings;
Domestic Plaid and Stripe Ginghams;
Leghorn Hats, by the case or dozen;
Paper Hangings.

☞ In addition to the above, a great variety of articles not enumerated.

CUSHMAN & FALCONER,
No. 188 Pearl street, New York.

December 8, 1829—1mo.

ROBERT JAFFRAY & CO.

No. 144 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK,

IMPORTERS of *English and French Lace Goods*, invite respectable dealers from the Western States to visit this market. During the whole months of January and February, they will have a full assortment of all the varieties of these articles which are required in the country trade.—They have been exclusively *Importers* for above twenty years, and do not buy any thing here; and, therefore, they profess to be able and willing to supply their customers on the best terms.

It has, heretofore, been the practice, in this city, not to prepare for spring sales till the beginning of March; but, from a desire to cultivate the trade of the western states, there is now an increasing disposition to make early importations; and several of our principal houses have taken measures to have extensive assortments of staple and fancy dry goods against the middle of next January.

Responsible gentlemen, who bring satisfactory letters to any respectable house here, will be introduced at once to the best houses in every department, and to all the facilities of our oldest and most valued connexions.

The following are the principal articles that we import:

English Thread Laces, Edgings, and Insertings;
French do. do. do.
Bobbinetts, white and black, 4-4, 5-4 and 6-4;
do. do. Figured;
Bobbinett Veils, 4-4 and 5-4, black and white;
Capes, Collars, Collaretts, and Half Hdkfs.;
Pelerines and Ladies' Caps;
Gimp Laces and Edgings;
Quillings, from ¼ inch to 7 inches wide;
Mechlin Lace; Purling; Tatting, &c.

New-York, Nov. 27, 1829—1mo.

ARTHUR TAPPAN & CO.

No. 122 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK,

HAVING enlarged their Store, intend keeping a large and complete assortment of

EUROPEAN AND INDIA SILK GOODS,

at all seasons of the year; and, particularly, they will make arrangements to have a full supply *early in January next*, for spring sales. They also keep large supplies of *LEGHORN HATS, SILK AND COTTON UMBRELLAS, and PARASOLS.* They invite merchants from the Western States generally, and especially those who have not been accustomed to visit New York regularly, to examine their goods before making spring purchases.

Without making invidious comparisons between New York and other cities, it may be stated that a large proportion of the goods imported into the United States are consigned to this city, whence they are afterwards sold into the different states; and that the Packets from France and England arrive almost every week. It is obvious, therefore, that it is for the interest of respectable merchants to visit this place, for the purpose of examining into the state of the market, before making their spring and fall purchases.

Liberal credits will be given, and notes will be taken, payable at the Banks in the vicinity of purchasers.

☞ Merchants bringing respectable letters will be introduced to the best houses in this city, so as to be able to make up entire assortments in every branch of business.

December 1, 1829—2m.

SHEARS.

THE subscribers are manufacturing revolving and vibrating SHEAR BLADES, of a superior quality. They will be stamped "F. A. Bemis & Co." and warranted to the purchaser.—A sample can be seen at Messrs. L. & P. Peterson's, on the corner of Market and Front streets, and a constant supply will be kept on hand at the manufactory, No. 24 Water street.

ALSO, will be made to order, SHEARING MACHINES of improved construction. Having in operation machinery expressly for grinding, Shears will be ground with the greatest accuracy, at a short notice. F. A. BEMIS & Co.

Nov. 27—tf.

FUR CAPS AND NUTRIA FURS.

120 Handsome Fur Caps.
60 do. Cut Nutria Fur.

Just received and for sale by

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & Co.

Dec. 18, 1829.—3t

FOR SALE.

A HOUSE AND LOT, at the head of Seventh street. The house is finished in a good manner, and will be sold on accommodating terms. For particulars inquire of THOMAS FINK.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 8, 1829—tf.

NOTICE.

M'CLURG & KING being about to decline business, request all persons indebted to them to call and make payment before the first of January next. Those who neglect to do so may expect to find their accounts, &c. placed in the hands of officers for collection.

Dec. 15, 1829.—3t

TO LET,

THE TAVERN STAND in Noblestown, formerly owned and occupied by John Taylor, deceased: along with the tavern will be let four acres of ground in town, and a ten acre out lot: the lessee to have privilege to take as much coal as may be necessary for his use.—For terms apply to the widow, on the premises.

EZEKIEL HARKER,
ALEX. LIGGEST,
Guardians of the minor Children.

Dec. 15.—3t

Fort Pitt Glass Works.

THE subscribers respectfullyi nform their friends and the public in general, that they have the above works in their hands, and will continue the Manufactory of

FLINT GLASS, CUT AND PLAIN,

Of various descriptions and patterns; and have appointed L. & P. PETERSON, (corner of Market and Front Streets,) Agents to dispose of the same—where a general assortment will always be kept on hand. Merchants and others will be furnished on accommodating terms.

All orders left with our agents will be thankfully received and promptly executed.

R. B. CURLING & SONS.

September 18, 1829.—tf

Pittsburgh and Philadelphia

CLOTHING STORE.

GEORGE C. MORGAN, No. 132, Wood-street, (next door to Dr. Speer's,) has just furnished his FASHIONABLE CLOTHING-STORE with a supply of articles in his line, suitable for the present and approaching seasons, and conforming in style and fashion, to the last eastern patterns. His stock comprises the greatest variety, and has been selected with much care as to the quality of the goods.

☞ Cloths, Vestings, Trimmings, and Fancy Articles, will be disposed of on the most reasonable terms.

☞ Work made to order, on the shortest notice.

Sept. 25.—tf.

WHOLESALE

QUEENSWARE,

Glass & China Warehouse,

WOOD STREET.

Thomas G. Gaylord

IS now receiving large supplies of QUEENSWARE and CHINA, which, added to his former stock, will make his assortment very large and complete.

He is prepared to pack all orders at the shortest notice, and at the lowest Baltimore and Philadelphia prices, with very low carriage.

Western merchants, who wish to sell assorted crates, and retailers, are invited to call and furnish themselves on as accommodating terms as can be had east or west of the mountains.

Pittsburgh, May 8.

ON SALE

At the City Auction Room,

No. 46 Wood Street.

LARGE and small *Porter Bottles*, of a superior quality,
Hollow *Glass-Ware*, assort'd.
Window *Glass* of all sizes,
Juniatta Nails and Brads, do
do and common Rolled Iron,
Nail, Spike and Deck Rods,
Iron *Tea-Kettles, Sad-Irons,*
Pig and Bar Lead—Rifle Powder,
Writing and Wrapping Paper.

ALSO

300 kegs prime Kentucky Tobacco,
500 Boxes superior do segars,
A few do *Stone's* superior Grass and Corn Scythes' together with
100 French Post Bedsteads, a superior article made in the state of New York.
36 Breakfast tables,—Bareaus,
Common and Fancy Chairs asst'd.

And a great variety of other articles, which will be sold at reduced prices for Cash or City acceptances.

J. HANSON.

May 29—tf.

For Sale,

A COMPLETE set of Coppersmith's Tools, and a number of Tin Plate Worker's do.

Inquire of

GEORGE MILTENBERGER,
No. 12 Market Street

May 12—tf.

A FARM FOR SALE.

THE subscribers offer for sale the TRACT OF LAND lately occupied by the Rev. John Riddell, deceased, situated on the waters of Robinson's Run, in Fayette Township, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania; two miles from Noblestown, and ten miles from the City of Pittsburgh. The state road from Williamsburgh to Pittsburgh runs through the tract. It contains 430 acres, of which about 200 are cleared; upwards of 50 acres of first rate bottom, 20 of which are in meadow; the whole in good repair and well watered. There are on the premises 3 good Dwelling-houses, and two Barns, two Apple and Peach Orchards, abundance of Stone Coal, and a good Mill-Seat.

☞ The tract will be sold entire, or divided to suit purchasers. The terms will be made known by either of the executors, who reside near the land.

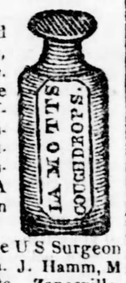
HUGH RIDDELL,
WM. STURGEON,
BENJAMIN KELSO, } *Ex'rs.*

October 13, 1829.—tf

For Coughs, Consumptions,

Colds, Influenzas, Whooping Coughs, Spasmodic Asthma, Pain in the side, Difficulty of Breathing and Want of Sleep.

CERTIFICATES.



WE, the subscribers have sold *La Mott's Cough Drops*, as agents for the Messrs. *Crosbys.* The Medicine has obtained the approbation of the public, by effecting many cures of the diseases for which it is recommended. We have therefore no hesitation in recommending LA MOTT'S COUGH DROPS as an excellent medicine.

G. Dawson, druggist, and late U S Surgeon at Fort Fayette, Pittsburgh, Pa. J. Hamm, M D and E D Downer, druggists, Zanesville; Wm. Mount, M D Dayton; M. Wolf & Co. Apothecary's Hall, Goodwin and Ashton and Fairchilds & Co. druggists, Cincinnati; Ira Delano, druggist, Chillicothe; S Sharpless, merchant, St. Clairsville; H Brubacher & Co. merchants Springfield; L P Frazier, merchant Xenia; Wm. Lowry, merchant, (O.); Dr. E Ferris, Lawrenceburgh; Dr. H Watts, Madison; (Indiana,) Thomas Wells, druggist, Nashville; Thomas Davis, Steubenville; and Dr George M'Daniel, Clarksville, (Tenn.;) Byers & Butler, druggists, Louisville; F. Floyd, druggist, Frankfort; Dr. M Q Ashby, Richmond; Crutchfield & Russel, druggists, Danville; M'Ilvaine & Allen, merchants, Shelbyville, P B Price, merchant, Georgetown; T & H Brents, merchants Flemingsburgh; T R Atwood, Greensburgh; F Frabue, druggist, Russelville; and R M Kercheville, druggist, Bairdstown, (Ky.)

Certificates of important cures will accompany each Bottle, with particular directions for using.

☞ Sold wholesale by O & S Crosby, Columbus, Ohio, and by I. Thompson, Smith and Pearsall, Fullerton and Saxton, Butler and Jenkins, druggists, *Philadelphia*, and by S Sweetser, George and James Bailey, George H & J S Keerl, *Baltimore*. Each bottle contains 45 doses—price $1.

Sold by special appointment wholesale and retail, at the Drug and Medical Warehouse of

DR G. DAWSON,
Wood Street Pittsburgh.

May 5, 1829—1yism.

PITTSBURGH STEEL.

Manufactured by S. Broadmeadow & Co.

THIS Steel will bear a *welding heat*, and is *tempered* or *hardened as the Crowly Steel*, and we warrant it as equal to the *best* English Blister Steel.

S. BROADMEADOW & Co.

May 15—1y.

FOR RENT,

THE EAGLE STEAM MILL, on the Monongahela River: apply at the Office Bank United States, in Pittsburgh.

August 21, 1829.—tf.

J. C. BUCKLES,

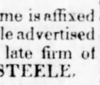
Commission Merchant,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

IS prepared to Receive, Sell, and Forward every description of GOODS.

December 21, 1827—tf.

TO RENT,



A BRICK HOUSE in Third, between Wood and Market Streets.

Inqure of

CHAS. H. ISRAELL,
Sept. 1.—tf. *Paterson's Row.*

WIRE FACTORY.

THE BEAVER WIRE FACTORY is now in full operation, and prepared to supply the demand for Iron Wire, from No. 1 to No. 35, of a superior quality, and at the lowest rates. This wire has been pronounced, by those who are in the habit of using it, to be much superior, in every respect, to the English wire which has been heretofore imported. Western Merchants, Manufacturers, and others who deal in this article, are requested to forward their orders to

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & Co. *or*
R. TOWNSEND & Co.
Agents for the Factory.

Pittsburgh, Oct. 20, 1829.—tf

NEW LINE.

DAVID LEECH'S LINE of CANAL BOATS.

THE subscriber having fitted up several new Boats, for the reception of Freight and the accommodation of Passengers, has established a Line to run regularly between PITTSBURGH AND BLAIRSVILLE.

One of the Line Boats will start from Pittsburgh, on every *Monday, Wednesday*, and *Friday*, at 5 o'clock, P. M. and run through to Blairsville, (73 miles,) in 30 hours.

A Boat of this line will also leave Blairsville at the same time, and arrive in regular succession at Pittsburgh and Blairsville, (their respective places of destination,) on every *Wednesday, Friday*, and *Sunday*, at 7 A. M.

Freight, entrusted to this Line, will receive the utmost care and diligence; and every convenience and accommodation will be extended to Passengers.

☞ Freight (whole distance) 20 *cents per cwt.*
☞ Passengers 2 *cents per mile.*

For Freight or Passage, Apply to the respective Captains on Board, or to *Wm. Robinson, Jr.* Allegheny-town; to *Mark Graham*, at Blairsville, or to the subscriber at Leechburgh. D. LEECH.

October 30—tf.

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER whose name is affixed to the firm of Steele and Carlisle advertised below, was the *sole Capitalist* in the late firm of *W. Steele & Co.* I. STEELE.

November 9th 1827—tf.

STEELE & CARLISLE,

(Successors of W. Steele & Co.)

Commission Merchants,

OFFER FOR SALE, ON LIBERAL TERMS,

LEAF and Manufactured TOBACCO
JUNIATA IRON—assorted
ditto NAILS do
ditto Nail, Spike and Deck Rods
Shovels—Spades—Axes and Hoes
Pittsburgh and Geneva WINDOW GLASS
Pig and Bar LEAD—White Lead in Oil
Wire Sifters, assorted—Drawing Chains
Superior Spanish SEGARS, &c. &c

Pittsburgh, November 9—tf

FOR SALE.

SEVERAL LOTS on Grant's Hill, at the corner of High-street and Coal-lane, on which are two frame DWELLING HOUSES, each two stories high, and twenty feet front, and two extensive frame buildings suitable for manufacturing purposes.

Apply to Benjamin Darlington, Pittsburgh, No. 49 Market-street.

Sept. 29, 1829.—tf

BUILDING LOTS

FOR SALE.

I WILL SELL a number of BUILDING LOTS, adjoining my late residence in the vicinity of Pittsburgh—A plan of the same may be seen, and terms made known by calling at No. 12, corner of Market and Front street.

GEORGE MILTENBERGER.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 28—tf.

Paper Moulds.

THE subscriber has on hand, an assortment of Paper Moulds, which he will sell cheap.

ALSO,

Three Hundred Dozen Horse Cards

OF THE BEST MANUFACTURE.

EDWARD FABER.

Corner of Wood and Fifth Streets, opposite Col. Ramsey's Hotel.

Pittsburgh, October 6, 1829.—tf

COTTON AND WOOLLEN Machinery.

THE subscribers, manufacturers of Cotton and Woollen Machinery, respectfully inform the public that they have commenced the above business at No. 24, Water street, between Market and Ferry streets, where they have fitted up their shop in a superior stile with the most approved tools; and that they are now ready to receive any order in their line. Also TURNING LATHES, of various descriptions, and many other kinds of tools, will be made and finished to order.

F. A. Bemis recently came from Massachusetts, and has been for many years engaged in the building of Cotton and Woollen Machinery, and has had access to the principal shops in the eastern States where he has acquired a knowledge of the most approved machinery now in use. We solicit a share of public patronage, and nothing shall be wanting on our part to give perfect satisfaction.

Application can be made at the Machine Shop, or to Messrs. L. & P. Peterson, on the corner of Market and Front streets.

F. A. BEMIS & CO.

☞ Having a contract for cotton machinery now on hand, persons desirous of examining the work, can have an opportunity by calling at the machine shop.

F. A. B. & Co.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 13, 1829—eptf.

For Sale.

THE old Theatre Lot, 60 feet on Third Street. Also 60 feet on Smithfield street, corner of Diamond Alley. A quantity of good seasoned boards, and a large bill of seasoned scantling.

HENRY HOLDSHIP.

April 14—tf.

Kensington Rolling Mill.

S. & R. LEONARD have associated with them A. M'N. SEMPLE. The business in future will be conducted under the firm of LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD, at the above place, on the Monongahela River, above Suke's Run.

N. B. The agency of W. H. Hays is discontinued.

LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD intend making and constantly keeping on hand the following kinds of IRON, of the neatest and best quality, which they offer on accommodating terms, viz.

1d. 2d. 3d. 4d. 5d. 6d. 8d. and 10d. Hoop,
Round and Square, from 1-4 in. to 3 in.
Nail, Chain, Deck, and Spike Rods.
Tire and Flat Iron,—all sizes.

Pittsburgh, May 21, 1829—tf.

Porcelain Teeth.

DOCT. E. MERRITT, DENTIST, having during his late visit to the Eastern cities acquired the art of manufacturing the above Teeth, celebrated for their beauty, incorruptibility and strength, is prepared to supply the public with them. He has also furnished himself with Natural Teeth, as well as the best materials for making artificial ones

Doct. E. M. has it in his power to accommodate Ladies and Gentlemen with all the various kinds of Teeth now in use, and can confidently promise to adapt them to the mouth in the neatest and best manner.

Dental operations performed at his office, in Fourth, No. 70, between Market and Wood streets.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 18.—tf.

JUST PUBLISHED,

AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS.

The Western Farmers' Almanac

FOR THE YEAR 1830.

Being the ONLY Calculation by the Rev. JOHN TAYLOR.

ALSO,

A German Almanac,

(A continuation of Goeb's,)

WITH SAME CALCULATION.

The copyright of this calculation is secured.

H. HOLDSHIP & SON.

Pittsburgh, August 18, 1829.—tf.

CALEB LEE,

DRAPER AND TAILOR

Market Street, between Fourth and the Diamond.

HAS just received from Philadelphia, an extensive assortment of new and fashionable **Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, &c.** and can furnish gentlemen with coats or full suits, at the shortest notice, and on the most accommodating terms.

☞ He procured, during his recent visit to Philadelphia, the latest LONDON FASHIONS.

Pittsburgh, April 7, 1829—tf.

LOTS

In the Northern Liberties of Pittsburgh.

FOR sale, upon accommodating terms, a number of valuable LOTS fronting on *Penn* and *Liberty* streets, in the *Northern Liberties of Pittsburgh*. These lots are upon the great thoroughfare to Philadelphia, and in the vicinity of the *Cotton Factories, Iron Works*, and other manufacturing establishments. A plan may be seen at the office of D. S. Scully, Esq. in the Diamond.

For terms apply to

HARMAR DENNY.

March 24, 1829—tf.

GABRIEL ADAMS,

Wholesale and Retail

GROCER,

Front, beween Market and Wood Streets,

HAS received from the eastward, and by recent arrivals from N. Orleans, a large and general assortment of GROCERIES AND LIQUORS, which are offered for sale at the lowest market rates for cash or approved acceptances.

WHISKEY, FLOUR, SCORCHED SALTS, RAGS, &c. will be taken in Barter at market prices.

April 21, 1829—tf.

Public Notice is Hereby Given,

THAT the Notes, Book Accounts, and all other property of Robert Patterson and J. H. Lambdin, late Stationers and Paper Manufacturers, trading under the firm of R. Patterson & Lambdin, have been assigned to the subscribers this day, for the benefit of creditors.

HENRY HOLDSHIP,
C. ANSHUTZ,
MARTIN RAHM.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 22, 1829—tf.

The American Fire Insurance Co.

OF Philadelphia, daily make insurance against loss or damage by FIRE on HOUSES and MERCHANDISE. Job Bacon, Secretary, No. 101, Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

GEO. COCHRAN, Agent,
No. 26, Wood street, Pittsburgh.

April 25—tf

PRINTING INK.

JUST received from the Manufactory of *Johnson & Son*, a fresh supply of Book and News INK, for fall and summer use, in kegs from 15 to 28 pounds.

H. HOLDSHIP & SON.

June 6—tf

JOHNSTON & STOCKTON,

Booksellers, Printers,

Book-Binders and Paper Manufacturers.

No. 37, Market Street, Pittsburgh

March 14.—tf.

GEORGE GOLDER,

Auctioneer & Commission Merchant,

ZANESVILLE, OHIO.

REFER TO

Messrs John Dillon & Son, } *Zanesville.*
Mr. James Raguet, }
J. S. Copeland, }
D. Convers, }
K'Kee Clark & Co. }
Richard Bowen, }
Mason & M'Donough, } *Pittsburgh.*
John D. Davis, }
Jno. Golder, Esq.—*Philadelphia.*
Col. Noah Zane, }
Knox & M'Kee, } *Wheeling*
Zane & Pentoney, }
A. Golder,—*Baltimore.*
Wheeler & Chamberlain,—Cincinnati.

January 27, 1829.—1y.